BANGKOK LAND PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Shareholders of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the consolidated financial statements of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries, the Group which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the related consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated and notes to the separate financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the consolidated and separate financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries as at March 31, 2022, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions that is relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of Investments Properties

As discussed in Notes 10 to the financial statements, the Group had investments properties presented in the consolidated and separate statements financial position as at March 31, 2022, at their fair value of Baht 40,826 million and Baht 12,458 million, the fair value of these investments properties based on the value appraised by an independent appraiser the measurement of fair value was based on the assumptions and judgement of both the management and an independent appraiser. I identified the measurement of investment properties to be an area significantly impacting the financial statements.

Risk Responses of Auditor

I gain an understanding of the calculation of fair value of investments properties by making enquiry of responsible executives and gaining an understanding of the operation of controls designed by the Group. I considered the extent and objectives of the assessment of fair value by the independent appraiser and assessed the techniques and models used by the independent appraiser to measure the fair value, as specified in the appraisal report prepared by the appraiser, by comparing them to my knowledge and past experience regarding the valuation of the same or similar assets. I also considered the consistency of the application of such techniques and models, and assessed the competence and in dependence of the independent appraiser by checking publicly available data. In addition, I reviewed the data and key assumptions used in the measurement of fair value by comparing the estimated operating results with the Group's actual operating results to evaluate the judgement of the Group in terms of estimating operating results, and testing the calculation of fair value which was based on the above models and assumptions.

Pending Lawsuits

As discussed in Notes 30(c) to the financial statements, the Group had pending lawsuits in the Commercial Court in London, England, in order to the Group to pay the debts and other related debts amounting to USD 34.21 million.

Risk Responses of Auditor

I request the confirmation replies from the Group's lawyers and the Group's lawyers have sent their opinions to me. In addition, I assessed the competence of the Group's lawyers. I also reviewed the disclosure of information in the notes to the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

I draw attention to Note 30(c) The financial statements. On July 23, 2018, The Company filed a lawsuit against Deutsche Trustee Co.,Ltd and its partisans to prosecute in a court of Thailand, a civil lawsuit was filed against the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade, claiming damages of Baht 625.61 million. On February 5, 2021, the Court has rendered a judgment for the Company to repay the outstanding amount incurred under the USD Bonds, including interests, in the amount of USD 28,360,689.46 and the default interest at the rate of 4.5 percentage per annum calculated from the principle amount of USD 13,379,000 as from the date of the Trustee's counter-claim until the date of the completion of the payment. In addition, the Company shall also make payment of the expenses incurred from the operation as a trustee and other expenses of the Trustee, including interests, in the amount of GBP 1,868,885.65 together with the default interest at the rate of 2 percentage higher than the interest rate of West Bank calculated from the principle amount of GBP 1,798,034.17 as from the date of the Trustee's counter-claim until the date of the completion of the payment and the Company has already recorded provision for loss on pending lawsuits in the financial statements for the year. However, the aforementioned case is not final and the Company had exercised its right to appeal in accordance with the law. The case is currently under consideration in the appeal level. On May 25, 2022, the Company has entered into a guarantee agreement with the Court and used securities as land and condominium title deeds of the Group as collateral for suspension of enforcement during the consideration of the Court of Appeal for Specialized Cases. The Court set the date for the consideration of collateral for stay of execution during the appeal on June 10 2022. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Matter

The financial statements of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position and as at March 31, 2021 and the related consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, presented herewith for comparative purpose were audited by another auditor in my firm whose report dated on May 28, 2021 and expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statement.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report of the Group, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Group, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in
 the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements and separate or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

-6-

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within

the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements. I am responsible for the direction,

supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit

and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements

regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to

bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance

in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when,

in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse

consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Kannika Wipanurat

(Ms. Kannika Wipanurat)

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand)

Registration No. 7305

Karin Audit Company Limited

Bangkok, Thailand

May 30, 2022

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT MARCH 31, 2022

					(Unit: Baht)		
		Consolid	ated	Separate			
		financial statements		financial sta	tements		
	Notes	2022	2021	2022	2021		
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		4,224,440,954	4,326,376,302	2,033,923,129	2,575,990,190		
Trade and other current receivables - net	5.2, 6	141,811,928	206,757,838	3,512,851,812	3,520,710,983		
Inventories	7	913,991,524	720,012,559	545,830,750	720,012,559		
Short - term loans to related parties - net	5.4	-	-	3,531,504,977	3,728,606,591		
Current tax assets		13,572,141	36,838,873	-	-		
Other current financial assets	8	1,084,522,912	1,521,272,980	504,853,188	500,875,303		
Other current assets		55,935,188	70,772,700	8,973,566	26,629,064		
Total current assets		6,434,274,647	6,882,031,252	10,137,937,422	11,072,824,690		
Non - current assets							
Investments in subsidiaries	9	-	-	11,137,586,908	11,137,586,908		
Investment property	10	40,826,358,579	39,467,778,611	12,458,135,600	11,712,547,013		
Property, plant and equipment - net	11	14,389,382,554	14,674,277,733	235,822,067	91,474,976		
Right-of-use assets	5.5, 12	72,563,044	24,564,719	4,364,885	6,544,342		
Deferred tax assets	17	340,797,531	340,541,100	-	-		
Other non - current assets	13	1,399,331,539	1,489,347,052	1,245,974,095	1,314,395,650		
Total non - current assets		57,028,433,247	55,996,509,215	25,081,883,555	24,262,548,889		
TOTAL ASSETS		63,462,707,894	62,878,540,467	35,219,820,977	35,335,373,579		

1

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONT.)

AS AT MARCH 31, 2022

					(Unit: Baht)		
	•	Consolid	lated	Separate			
		financial sta	atements	financial state	tements		
	Notes	2022	2021	2022	2021		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Current liabilities							
Trade and other current payables	5.6, 14	799,034,434	751,217,671	823,565,203	776,731,685		
Current portion of long - term loans	5.7, 16	1,872,000,000	4,750,000	1,400,000,000	1,400,000,000		
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	5.5, 19	12,238,270	5,809,171	2,218,167	2,132,608		
Current provisions for employee benefit	18	39,706,786	34,517,980	17,647,902	19,275,924		
Provision for loss on pending lawsuits	30(c)	1,118,060,455	1,033,257,297	996,315,334	909,792,903		
Current income tax payable		227,129,161	231,568,601	210,811,821	213,488,563		
Other current liabilities	15	279,611,482	296,632,804	113,166,970	114,436,828		
Total current liabilities		4,347,780,588	2,357,753,524	3,563,725,397	3,435,858,511		
Non - current liabilities							
Long - term loans	5.7, 16	1,998,973,667	3,870,286,547	5,250,000,000	6,650,000,000		
Lease liabilities	5.5, 19	55,714,237	15,355,229	2,307,526	4,525,693		
Deferred tax liabilities	17	4,163,526,498	3,832,288,880	718,710,999	557,775,432		
Non - current provisions for employee benefit	18	102,133,939	113,668,489	13,900,340	13,226,702		
Other - non current liabilities		15,415,277	18,702,080	-	-		
Total non - current liabilities		6,335,763,618	7,850,301,225	5,984,918,865	7,225,527,827		
Total liabilities		10,683,544,206	10,208,054,749	9,548,644,262	10,661,386,338		
Shareholders' equity							
Share capital							
Authorized share capital							
26,295,658,054 common shares of Baht 1 par val	ue	26,295,658,054	26,295,658,054	26,295,658,054	26,295,658,054		
Issued and fully paid - up share	•						
17,374,401,054 common shares of Baht 1 par val	ue	17,374,401,054	17,374,401,054	17,374,401,054	17,374,401,054		
Treasury stock	20	(18,926,720)	(18,926,720)	(18,926,720)	(18,926,720)		
Premium on share capital		1,995,515,325	1,995,515,325	1,995,515,325	1,995,515,325		
Retained earnings							
- Appropriated for legal reserve		1,015,047,648	939,160,658	1,015,047,648	939,160,658		
- Appropriated for treasury stock reserve		18,926,720	18,926,720	18,926,720	18,926,720		
- Unappropriated		10,039,126,986	9,968,803,308	5,286,212,688	4,364,910,204		
Other components of shareholders' equity		14,239,640,000	14,320,579,362	<u>-</u> _			
Total shareholders' equity of the Company		44,663,731,013	44,598,459,707	25,671,176,715	24,673,987,241		
Non - controlling interests		8,115,432,675	8,072,026,011				
Total shareholders' equity		52,779,163,688	52,670,485,718	25,671,176,715	24,673,987,241		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	:	63,462,707,894	62,878,540,467	35,219,820,977	35,335,373,579		

Notes

5.1

5.1

23

5.1

26

30(c)

25

29

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Revenues from sales

Total revenues Costs of sales

Total costs Gross profit (loss) Profit on exchange rate, net Dividend income

Other revenues

Selling expenses Administrative expenses

Total expenses

Finance costs

Income tax expenses

Profit (loss) for the year

Profit (loss) before expenses

Management benefit expense

Profit (loss) from operating activities

Profit (loss) before income tax expense

Other comprehensive income (expense)

Loss on pending lawsuits

Revenues from rental and service

Costs of rental and services

Gain on revaluation of investment property

e	Separate	Consolidated			
ements	financial state	ments	financial state		
2021	2022	2021	2022		
929,303,993	185,053,707	1,312,485,488	526,628,606		
87,354,329	86,940,666	1,804,158,410	1,463,825,696		
1,016,658,322	271,994,373	3,116,643,898	1,990,454,302		
(813,452,730)	(154,466,947)	(1,294,201,170)	(577,616,800)		
(55,009,917)	(57,060,225)	(1,108,634,890)	(947,076,646)		
(868,462,647)	(211,527,172)	(2,402,836,060)	(1,524,693,446)		
148,195,675	60,467,201	713,807,838	465,760,856		
	-	-	158,597		
32,461,800	18,954,390	-	-		
593,037,243	847,198,587	1,089,928,189	1,819,068,724		
1,434,492,530	1,361,108,568	141,194,379	107,706,282		
2,208,187,248	2,287,728,746	1,944,930,406	2,392,694,459		
(1,944,172)	(701,467)	(7,907,268)	(14,145,793)		
(410,515,786)	(292,169,821)	(961,470,931)	(865,457,159)		
(17,862,162)	(17,754,851)	(78,888,944)	(73,941,521)		
(909,792,903)	(83,061,800)	(1,031,538,024)	(83,061,800)		
(1,340,115,023)	(393,687,939)	(2,079,805,167)	(1,036,606,273)		
868,072,225	1,894,040,807	(134,874,761)	1,356,088,186		
(278,616)	(224,215)	(115,407,754)	(114,095,571)		
867,793,609	1,893,816,592	(250,282,515)	1,241,992,615		
(166,799,592)	(376,076,789)	(327,697,886)	(589,993,883)		
700,994,017	1,517,739,803	(577,980,401)	651,998,732		

(9,010,985)

(9,010,985)

1,517,739,803

1,517,739,803

1,517,739,803

1,517,739,803

1,517,739,803

0.087

700,994,017

700,994,017

700,994,017

700,994,017

700,994,017

0.040

(586,991,386)

(801,332,398)

223,351,997

(577,980,401)

(810,343,383)

223,351,997

(586,991,386)

(0.046)

571,533,621

80,465,111

651,998,732

585,821,635

80,465,111

666,286,746

3

0.033

(Unit : Baht)

Components of other comprehensive income
that will not be reclassified to profit or loss subseque

Gains (loss) on revaluation of employee benefit	14,288,014
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year - net of tax	14,288,014
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	666,286,746

Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	
Profit (loss) attributable to :	

Owners of the parent	
Non - controlling interests	

Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year
attributable to :
Owners of the parent

Non - controlling interests
- 10-1 - 10-11-10-11-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1

Earnings (loss) per share

(2022 :	17,353	million	shares)
(2021 ·	17 365	million	shares)

Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht)

r	1-14	÷	D.	1	

		Consolidated financial statements														
	•					Retained earnings				Other components of	shareholders' equit	у				
										Net book value of						
										subsidiaries		Gains (losses) on	Total other	Total equity		
		Issued and				Appropriated		Currency		exceed investment	Change in	remeasurements of	components of	attributable to	Non -	
	Notes	paid - up		Premium on	Appropriated	for treasury		translation	Surplus on	as of purchasing	shareholding in	defined benefit	shareholders'	owner's of	controlling	
	rotes	share capital	Treasury stock	share capital	for legal reserve	stock reserve	Unappropriated	differences	revaluation of assets	date	subsidiaries	plans	equity	the parent	interests	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2020		17,374,401,054	(8,040,720)	1,995,515,325	904,110,957	8,040,720	11,094,993,274	1,414,918	11,553,672,090	28,184,195	2,814,562,640	-	14,397,833,843	45,766,854,453	8,122,889,730	53,889,744,183
Dividends payment	21	-	-	-	-	-	(347,165,363)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(347,165,363)	(274,215,716)	(621,381,079)
Treasury stock	20	-	(10,886,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,886,000)	-	(10,886,000)
Transfered to treasury stock reserve		-	-	-	-	10,886,000	(10,886,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriated for legal reserve	22	-	-	-	35,049,701	-	(35,049,701)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfered to retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	(9,010,985)	-	-	-	-	9,010,985	9,010,985	-	-	-
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(801,332,398)	-	-	-	-	(9,010,985)	(9,010,985)	(810,343,383)	223,351,997	(586,991,386)
Depreciation on surplus on revaluation of assets		-		-	-	-	77,254,481	-	(77,254,481)				(77,254,481)	-	<u> </u>	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	939,160,658	18,926,720	9,968,803,308	1,414,918	11,476,417,609	28,184,195	2,814,562,640	-	14,320,579,362	44,598,459,707	8,072,026,011	52,670,485,718
Dividends payment	21	-	-	-	-	-	(520,550,329)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(520,550,329)	(37,058,447)	(557,608,776)
Appropriated for legal reserve	22	-	-	-	75,886,990	-	(75,886,990)	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Transfered to retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	14,288,014	-	-	-	-	(14,288,014)	(14,288,014)	-	-	-
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	571,533,621	-	-	-	-	14,288,014	14,288,014	585,821,635	80,465,111	666,286,746
Depreciation on surplus on revaluation of assets		-		-	-	-	80,939,362	-	(80,939,362)				(80,939,362)	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	1,015,047,648	18,926,720	10,039,126,986	1,414,918	11,395,478,247	28,184,195	2,814,562,640	-	14,239,640,000	44,663,731,013	8,115,432,675	52,779,163,688

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(Unit : Baht)

			Separate financial statements						
						Retained earnings			
						Appropriated for			
		Issued and paid - up		Premium on share	Appropriated for	treasury stock			
	Notes	share capital	Treasury stock	capital	legal reserve	reserve	Unappropriated	Total	
Balance as at April 1, 2020		17,374,401,054	(8,040,720)	1,995,515,325	904,110,957	8,040,720	4,057,017,251	24,331,044,587	
Dividends payment	21	-	-	-	-	-	(347,165,363)	(347,165,363)	
Treasury stock	20	-	(10,886,000)	-	-	-	-	(10,886,000)	
Transfered to treasury stock reserve		-	-	-	-	10,886,000	(10,886,000)	-	
Appropriated for legal reserve	22	-	-	-	35,049,701	-	(35,049,701)	-	
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year							700,994,017	700,994,017	
Balance as at March 31, 2021		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	939,160,658	18,926,720	4,364,910,204	24,673,987,241	
Dividends payment	21	-	-	-	-	-	(520,550,329)	(520,550,329)	
Appropriated for legal reserve	22	-	-	-	75,886,990	-	(75,886,990)	-	
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year			-	-		-	1,517,739,803	1,517,739,803	
Balance as at March 31, 2022		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	1,015,047,648	18,926,720	5,286,212,688	25,671,176,715	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(Unit : Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	tements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		 -		
Profit (loss) before income tax expense	1,241,992,615	(250,282,515)	1,893,816,592	867,793,609
Adjustment for:				
Finance cost	114,095,571	115,407,754	224,215	278,616
Interest income	(13,333,995)	(19,590,526)	(16,784,992)	(49,063,324)
Trade and other current receivables (increase) decrease	66,617,661	3,997,425	18,370,534	167,076,978
Inventories (increase) decrease	149,223,618	811,019,743	154,076,750	811,019,743
Other current assets (increase) decrease	14,837,510	35,488,751	17,655,500	1,235,700
Other non - current assets (increase) decrease	(1,462,677)	(164,537)	2,779,848	(3,039,171)
Trade and other current payables increase (decrease)	47,816,763	(210,542,468)	46,833,517	5,755,142
Other current liabilities increase (decrease)	(17,021,321)	(40,975,133)	449,414	(34,591,779)
Other non - current liabilities increase (decrease)	(3,286,804)	(3,021,828)	-	-
Depreciation and amortization	639,504,065	659,298,296	101,937,105	101,800,342
Provisions for employee benefit	23,015,879	22,950,762	87,732	883,812
Provision for loss on pending lawsuits	84,803,159	1,031,538,024	84,803,159	909,792,903
Amortization of with holding tax	1,667,039	843,034	-	-
(Profit) loss on sale and write off of fixed assets	47,810	(798,697)	-	-
(Gains) loss on revaluation of investment property	(1,819,068,724)	(1,089,928,189)	(847,198,587)	(593,037,243)
(Profit) loss on sale of investment property	-	(3,500,000)	-	(3,500,000)
(Reverse) expected credit loss	(1,671,751)	26,124,986	(410,020)	7,848,003
(Gain) loss for give on debt forgiveness from subsidiary	-	-	(1,340,000,000)	(1,340,000,000)
Rental discount from lessor	(1,616,409)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Total adjusments to reconcile profit (loss)	(715,832,606)	1,338,147,397	(1,777,175,825)	(17,540,278)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	526,160,009	1,087,864,882	116,640,767	850,253,331
Dividend income	-	-	(18,954,390)	(32,461,800)
Cash recieved from refundable withholding tax	58,908,560	12,178,239	-	-
Income tax paid	(280,306,030)	(330,209,386)	(217,817,963)	(240,009,068)
Cash paid for employee benefits	(11,501,605)	(14,408,071)	(1,042,115)	(42,900)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	293,260,934	755,425,664	(121,173,701)	577,739,563

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(Unit : Baht)

Financial Fin		Consoli	idatad	Sono	Separate (Omt : Bant)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income received				•			
Interest income received 13,333,995 19,590,526 6,683,649 9,240,935 Charcasce) decrease in other current financial assets 436,750,069 913,332,934 (3,977,835) 1,073,533,806 Proceeds from dividend income - - 18,943,90 350,000,000 Cash paid for loans to related parties - 15,000,000 - Proceeds from disposal of assets - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of assets - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of assets - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of assets - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (5,106,024) Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (5,106,024) Cash paid for purchase of investment property (4,428,885) (81,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provied by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 Cash paid for treasury stock - (14,232,439) (14,232,439) Cash paid for loan term loans (4,002,881) (4,363,877) - (14,232,439) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (8,357,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,088,447) (274,215,716) - - Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,088,447) (274,215,716) - - Dividend payment of subsidiaries (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - Dividend payment of subsidiaries (10,935,348) (75,982,8254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Interest expense (112,784,965) (13,866,652) (233,932,129) (2,575,990,190) Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,99,916) (759,828,254) (252,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) (75,409,991) (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,932,129 2,575,990,190		-	-				
Interest income received 13,333,995 19,590,526 6,683,649 9,240,935 Increase) decrease in other current financial assets 436,750,069 913,332,934 (3,977,885) 1,073,533,806 Proceeds from dividend income	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		2021	2022	2021		
Increase) decrease in other current financial assets		13 333 995	19 590 526	6 683 649	9 240 935		
Proceeds from dividend income - 18,954,390 350,000,000 Cash paid for loans to related parties - (12,898,386) (211,277,291) Proceeds from loans to related parties - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of assets 1,423,094 - - - Proceeds from disposal of investment property - 15,000,000 - 15,000,000 Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (51,66,024) Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (51,66,024) Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (18,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provide by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES C 1 (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
Cash paid for loans to related parties - - (12,898,386) (211,277,91) Proceeds from loans to related parties - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of assets 1,123,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of investment property 15,000,000 - 15,000,000 Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (5,106,024) Cash paid for purchase of investment property (4,428,885) (81,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provided by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (8,537,294) (51,890,98) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,58,447) (274,215,716) - - - Dividend payment of subsidiaries (112,784,965) (11			713,332,734				
Proceeds from loans to related parties - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of assets - 1,423,094 - - Proceeds from disposal of investment property - 15,000,000 - 15,000,000 Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (5,106,024) Cash paid for purchase of investment property (4,428,885) (81,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provied by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,371,426 Cash paid for treasury stock - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for long- term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877) - - - Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (51,809,98) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - Dividend payment of subsidiaries (320,550,3329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,		_	_				
Proceeds from disposal of assets - 1,423,094 - - 1.5,000,000 Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (15,7857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (5,106,024) Cash paid for purchase of investment property (4,428,885) (81,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provied by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash paid for treasury stock - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for long - term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877) - - - Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - - Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - - Net cash provied by (used		_	_		(211,277,291)		
Proceeds from disposal of investment property - 15,000,000 - 15,000,000 Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (5,106,024) Cash paid for purchase of investment property (4,428,885) (81,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provied by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash paid for long - term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (57,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,16) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101	•	_	1 423 004	130,000,000	_		
Cash paid for purchase of fixed assets (157,857,545) (108,848,502) (56,747,976) (5,106,024) Cash paid for purchase of investment property (4,428,885) (81,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provied by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash paid for treasury stock (14,232,439) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566) - (2,142,566)	•	_		_	15 000 000		
Cash paid for purchase of investment property (4,428,885) (81,685,471) - (6,420,000) Net cash provied by (use in) investing activities 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash paid for treasury stock - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for long - term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877) - - - Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - - Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year		(157.857.545)		(56 747 976)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 287,797,634 758,812,581 102,013,792 1,224,971,426 Cash paid for treasury stock - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for long - term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877) - - - Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - - Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents comprised of: 2 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(30,747,970)</td><td></td></t<>				(30,747,970)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash paid for treasury stock - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for long - term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877)				102 013 792			
Cash paid for treasury stock - (14,232,439) - (14,232,439) Cash paid for long - term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877) - - - Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - - Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information : 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
Cash paid for long - term loans (4,062,881) (4,363,877) - - Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - - Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information: 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of: 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposit	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Cash paid for lease liabilities (8,537,294) (5,189,098) (2,356,823) (2,142,566) Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - - Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information: 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of: 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,282,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,8	Cash paid for treasury stock	-	(14,232,439)	-	(14,232,439)		
Dividend payment of subsidiaries (37,058,447) (274,215,716) - - Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information : 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of : Cash on hand 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account <t< td=""><td>Cash paid for long - term loans</td><td>(4,062,881)</td><td>(4,363,877)</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Cash paid for long - term loans	(4,062,881)	(4,363,877)	-	-		
Dividend payment (520,550,329) (347,165,363) (520,550,329) (347,165,363) Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information : 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of : 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,65	Cash paid for lease liabilities	(8,537,294)	(5,189,098)	(2,356,823)	(2,142,566)		
Interest expense (112,784,965) (114,661,761) - - Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information : 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of : 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Dividend payment of subsidiaries	(37,058,447)	(274,215,716)	-	-		
Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities (682,993,916) (759,828,254) (522,907,152) (363,540,368) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information: 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of: Cash on hand 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Dividend payment	(520,550,329)	(347,165,363)	(520,550,329)	(347,165,363)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (101,935,348) 754,409,991 (542,067,061) 1,439,170,621 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information : 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of: Cash on hand 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Interest expense	(112,784,965)	(114,661,761)				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 4,326,376,302 3,571,966,311 2,575,990,190 1,136,819,569 Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information : 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of :	Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities	(682,993,916)	(759,828,254)	(522,907,152)	(363,540,368)		
Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information: 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of: Cash on hand 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(101,935,348)	754,409,991	(542,067,061)	1,439,170,621		
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information : 1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of : Cash on hand 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	4,326,376,302	3,571,966,311	2,575,990,190	1,136,819,569		
1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of: Cash on hand 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year	4,224,440,954	4,326,376,302	2,033,923,129	2,575,990,190		
Cash on hand 11,279,697 10,886,652 1,774,795 1,798,144 Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information :						
Undeposited cheques 6,263,396 4,285,273 4,470,300 - Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of:						
Saving accounts 3,803,317,958 4,284,701,709 2,010,530,986 2,557,128,468 Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Cash on hand	11,279,697	10,886,652	1,774,795	1,798,144		
Current account 50,924,521 23,852,009 15,634,980 15,554,494 Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Undeposited cheques	6,263,396	4,285,273	4,470,300	-		
Fixed deposits 352,655,382 2,650,659 1,512,068 1,509,084	Saving accounts	3,803,317,958	4,284,701,709	2,010,530,986	2,557,128,468		
· · ·	Current account	50,924,521	23,852,009	15,634,980	15,554,494		
Total 4,224,440,954 4,326,376,302 2,033,923,129 2,575,990,190	Fixed deposits	352,655,382	2,650,659	1,512,068	1,509,084		
	Total	4,224,440,954	4,326,376,302	2,033,923,129	2,575,990,190		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

1. General information

1.1 Company information

Bangkok Land Public Company Limited ("the Company") is incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The Company is listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

The address of its registered office is 47/569 - 576 Moo 3, 10th Floor, New Geneva Industry Condominium, Popular 3 Road, Tambol Bannmai, Amphur Pakkred, Nonthaburi.

The principal business of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") comprise of real estate development, exhibition and convention, food and beverage and investment in hotel.

1.2 Coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic

The Coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic is continuing to evolve, resulting in an economic slowdown, and adversely impacting most businesses and industries in terms of supply chains, consumer spending, limited or suspended production, operational delays, and more.

This situation affects the Group business activities which impact service income, the operating results, and cash flows at present, and is may expected to do so in the future. However, the Group cannot be reasonably estimated at this stage. The Group's management has continuously monitored ongoing developments and assessed the financial impact in respect of the valuation of assets, provisions, and contingent liabilities, and will record the impact when it is possible to do so.

2. Basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statement

Subsidiary are companies in which significantly controlled by Bangkok Land Public Company Limited. The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries, by eliminating intercompany balances and unrealized gain and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

The Company's subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2022 and 2021 comprise the following:

	_	Percentage	of holding
	Principal business	2022	2021
Direct investment :			
Sinpornchai Company Limited	Property development	100.00	100.00
Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands)			
Company Limited	Financing	100.00	100.00
Muang Thong Services and	Project management		
Management Company Limited	service	97.00	97.00
Muang Thong Building Services	Building maintenance		
Company Limited	service	97.00	97.00
Impact Exhibition Management	Exhibition convention &		
Company Limited	hotel	100.00	100.00
Spooner Limited	Dormant	100.00	100.00
Direct and indirect investment:			
Bangkok Land Agency Company Limited	Property renting	99.30	99.30
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	Property development	100.00	100.00
RMI Company Limited	REIT manager	100.00	100.00
Impact Growth Real Estate Investment Trust	Real Estate Investment Trust	50.00	50.00

Except for the Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited, which is incorporated in Cayman Islands, and Spooner Limited, which is incorporated in Hong Kong, all subsidiaries are incorporated in Thailand.

3. Basis for preparation of the financial statements and significant accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statement

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai generally accepted accounting principles under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543, being those Thai Financial Reporting Standards issued under the Accounting Profession Act B.E. 2547, and the financial reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities and Exchange Act.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Thai generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

An English version of the financial statements has been prepared from the statutory financial statements that are in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language statutory financial statements shall prevail.

3.2 New financial reporting standards

3.2.1 New financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards and interpretations which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2021. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.2.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2022

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and, for some standards, providing temporary reliefs or temporary exemptions for users.

The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.3 Significant accounting policies

3.3.1 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies throughout the periods are recorded in Baht at rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Outstanding assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the statements of financial position statements of financial position date are translated into Baht at the prevailing bank rates as of that date. Gains and losses arising from the translations are credited or charged to current operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

3.3.2 Revenue recognition

Property development business

Revenues from sales of land and houses and sales of residential condominium are recognized at a point in time as income when ownership of the asset has been transferred to the buyer.

Retail business

Sales of goods are recognized when the company has transfered the control of the goods of ownership have passed to the customers, with revenue being recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods. Sales are the invoiced value, excluding value added tax, of goods supplied after deducting discounts.

Property rental business

Rental income is recognized on an accrual basis by the straight - line method over the term of the lease.

Services business

Services income is recognized when the service has been provided to customers by considering the success stage of the work in determining the timing of delivery of controls to assess whether income is recognized at certain times or over a period of time.

Barter income arises from the exchange of different goods or service for other goods or service, which is recognized at fair value of those goods or service in exchange.

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis based on the effective interest rate.

Dividend incomes are recognized when the company has the right to receive dividends.

3.3.3 Real estate development cost

Real estate development cost is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs include cost of land, land development, construction costs, infrastructure, project management fee and related borrowing cost.

Infrastructure for public use is depreciated on a straight line method over 20 years, and such depreciation is charged to cost of sales.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

3.3.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks and deposits at financial institutions with original maturity of three months or less.

Cash restricted in use is shown as other non - current assets.

3.3.5 Trade receivables

Accounts receivable are presented at net realizable value.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at its present value.

The Group applies the TFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on the days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles and the corresponding historical credit losses which are adjusted to reflect, the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors. The impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss within administrative expenses.

3.3.6 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recorded at cost net of allowance for decline in value (if any).

3.3.7 Investment property

Investment property comprises land held for capital appreciation rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business. Investment property is stated at fair value, representing open market value determined by independent valuation and the Group's directors. Changes in the fair value of investment property, net of deferred income tax, is included in the statement of comprehensive income for the period in which it arises.

Fair value is determined using open market value determined by independent valuers who are approved by the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

3.3.8 Property, plants and equipment

Land are stated at revalue amount (market approach) less provision for impairment of assets (if any). Buildings are

stated at the revalued amount (replacement cost approach) less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment

of assets (if any). Equipment is stated at cost less relevant accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment of

assets (if any).

Revaluations are performed by independent professional appraisers, which the Company has the policy for the independent

professional appraisers will be requested to perform the appraisal for the said assets at sufficient regularity to ensure

that the book value of these assets does not differ materially from their fair values at the balance sheet date. Increase

from appraisal value will be recorded in the shareholders' equity under "Surplus on revaluation of assets", and decrease

from cost recorded as loss from decrease in revaluation of assets in the statements of comprehensive income. Increase

in revaluation of building and machines will be amortized in accordance to the remaining useful life of those assets.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line method to write off the cost of each asset, except for land which is

considered to have an indefinite life, to its residual value over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Exhibition Hall and Convention Centers - structure

50 years

Exhibition Hall and Convention Centers - building improvement

20 years

Buildings and other constructions

20 years

Other fixed assets

3 - 5 years

The depreciation as calculated above are recorded as follows:

- The depreciation for those calculated from the cost value is included in the calculation of the operating result.

- The depreciation for the revaluation surplus is written off to the surplus on revaluation of assets in the shareholders' equity.

When an asset is retired, the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are written off from the accounts, and any

gain or loss from retirement of the asset is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

13

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

3.3.9 Leases

Lease - where the Group is the lessee

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short - term leases and leases of low - value assets. At the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use), the Group recognises right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets and lease liabilities based on lease payments.

a) Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised through initial measurement, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received.

b) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification or reassessment.

c) Short - term leases and Leases of low - value assets

Payments under leases that, have a lease term of 12 months or less at the commencement date, or are leases of low - value assets, are recognised as expenses on a straight - line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Leases - where the Group is the lessor

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to a lessee is classified as finance leases. As at the commencement date, an asset held under a finance lease is recognised as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease or the present value of the lease payments receivable and any unguaranteed residual value. Subsequently, finance income is recognised over the lease term to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease.

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to a lessee. Lease receivables from operating leases is recognised as income in profit or loss on a straight - line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying assets and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

3.3.10 Income tax

Income tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. The Group believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretations of tax law and prior experience. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgments about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously. A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.3.11 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the statement of financial position date including assets and liabilities of a foreign subsidiary which is identified as a part of the Company's operation are translated into Baht at the exchange rates ruling at that date. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

3.3.12 Financial instruments

The Group initially measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. However, trade receivables, that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price as disclosed in the accounting policy relating to trade receivables.

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), and fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Opened – End Fund and derivative measured at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Except for derivative liabilities, at initial recognition the Group's financial liabilities are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. In determining amortised cost, the Company takes into account any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Impairment of financial assets

The Group measures expected credit losses (ECLs) that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 - months. For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. It is based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward - looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. Impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss under the account. "Administrative expenses"

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.3.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

3.3.14 Employee benefits

Short - term employee benefits

The Group are recognized salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund as expenses when incurred.

Post - employment benefits

• Defined contribution plans

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group contributions are recognized as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans

The Group have obligations in respect of the severance payments it must make to employees upon retirement under labor law. The treat these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Actuarial gains and losses arising from post - employment benefits are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income

Past service costs are recognised in the income statement on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date that the Group recognises restructuring - related costs.

The defined benefit obligations are measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that is similar to the interest rate on government bond.

3.3.15 Impairment of non financial assets

The Group have determined the impairment of assets if there is indicator that the carrying amount of asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

In case that the book value of an asset exceeds its net realizable value, the Group will recognize as impairment loss in the statements of income for the period. The Group will reverse the impairment loss whenever there is an indication that there is no longer impairment or reduction in impairment.

3.3.16 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group apply a quoted market price in an active market to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measure fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

Level 1: Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determine whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

4. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles at times requires management to make subjective judgments and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ. The significant accounting judgments and estimates are as follows:

Impairment of assets

The Group performs impairment reviews in respect of assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. The Group determines the devaluation of such assets based on net realizable value. The determination of what is devaluation requires the management to exercise judgment.

Impairment of investments

The Group treats investments as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgment.

Depreciation

In calculating depreciation of plant and equipment, the management estimates useful lives and salvage values of the plant and equipment and reviews estimated useful lives and salvage values if there are any changes.

Post - employment benefits under defined benefit plans

The post - employment benefits and other long - term employee benefit liabilities are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions such as discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and staff turnover rates. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

Allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables

In determining an allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables, the management needs to make judgement and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the forecast economic condition for groupings of various customer segments with similar credit risks. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast economic conditions may also not be representative of whether a customer will actually default in the future.

Litigation

The Company has contingent liabilities as a result of litigation. The Group's management has used judgement to assess the results of the litigation and believes that the provision made would be sufficient. However, actual results could differ from the estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

All other estimates are further detailed in the corresponding disclosures.

5. Transactions with related parties

5.1 Significant transactions with related parties

Portion of revenues and expenses arose from transactions with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

				(Unit:	Million Baht)
		Consol	idated	Separate financial statements	
	Pricing	financial s	tatements		
	Policy	2022	2021	2022	2021
Income					
Interest income:	(1)				
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited				10	40
Rental and service income:	(2)				
Impact Exhibition Management Company					
Limited				2	1
Dividend income :	(4)				
Bangkok Land Agency Company Limited	(1)	_	_	19	32
a g · a a g · a, a · pa · pa · pa					
Expense					
Rental and service expense:	(3)				
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited		-	-	84	107
Sinpornchai Company Limited					1
				84	108
Management fee :	(2)				
Impact Exhibition Management Company					
Limited		-	-	34	39

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Pricing policy

- (1) Fixed deposit interest rates of financial institutions
- (2) Actual paid
- (3) Price of area
- (4) Right to receive dividend

5.2 Advances and other receivables from related parties – net

The balances of advance and receivables from related parties as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

			(Unit:	Million Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Accrued income :				
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited				26
Advance deposit and other receivables:				
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	-	-	225	225
Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited			5	1
			230	226
Interest receivables :				
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	-	-	2,584	2,574
Sinpornchai Company Limited	-	-	203	203
Muang Thong Building Services Company Limited			1	1
			2,788	2,778
Total advances and receivables from related				
parties, net			3,018	3,030

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

5.3 Investment in loans

			(Unit:	Million Baht)
	Conso	lidated	Separate financial statements	
	financial s	statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	-	-	475	475
Investment in loans comprised of:				
			(Unit : Millio	n Baht)
Receivable per original agreement				965
Deferred income				(490)
Investment in loans				475

As at February 20, 2009, a subsidiary owed Baht 965 million (divided into principal of Baht 444 million and accrued interest of Baht 521 million) to a financial institution. On the same date, the Company acquired the rights of claim on this debt from the financial institution at a price of Baht 475 million. The Company expects to recover the total full from the subsidiary.

5.4 Short - term loans to related parties - net

Short - term loans to related parties as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

	(Unit : Million Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	-	-	3,413	3,563
Sinpornchai Company Limited			119	166
			3,532	3,729

Loans to related parties carry interest at fixed deposit interest rates of financial institutions. The loans are unsecured and have no fixed repayment dates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

On August 17, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with a debtor of a subsidiary - Bangkok Airport Industry Co., Ltd. The subsidiary receivable has outstanding debts as of June 30, 2021 consisting of accrued service charges of Baht 25.76 million, deposits received in advance of Baht 225.16 million, and debts including accrued interest of Baht 7,112.81 million, total all debts amount Baht 7,363.73 million (Note 5.2, 5.3 and 5.4). Requires that the subsidiary receivable has to pay annually in the amount of not less than Baht 150 million per year. If the economic situation in the future does not cause liquidity, both parties agree to enter into an agreement to reduce the amount as agreed upon by both parties. Including the Company has agreed to stop calculating new interest from the outstanding principal amount of Baht 4,006.93 million since July 1, 2021.

5.5 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities to related parties

	(Unit : Million Baht) Separate financial statements		
	2022	2021	
Right-of-use assets:			
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited:			
Net book value as at April 1,	7	8	
Add Increase and Lease modification	-	1	
Less Depreciation for the year	(3)	(2)	
Net book value as at March 31,	4	7	
Lease liabilities :			
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited:			
Lease liabilities	5	7	
<u>Less</u> Deferred interest expense	(1)	-	
Total	4	7	
<u>Less</u> Current portion	(2)	(2)	
Lease liabilities – net	2	5	

As at March 31, 2022, the Company has contracts affecting to record right of use assets as follows:

The company has an office rental lease with a related company. The contract has a period beginning April 1, 2021 to expire on March 31, 2024. Monthly rent is Baht 0.20 million per month.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

5.6 Payables to related parties

The balances of payables to related parties as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

			(Unit:	Million Baht)
	Consolid	lated	Separate financial statements	
	financial sta	tements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Accrued management fee :				
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	-	-	555	475
Impact Exhibition Management Company Limited	<u>-</u>		1	-
			556	475
Advance and payables:				
Sinpornchai Company Limited	-	-	1	1
Impact Exhibition Management Company Limited	-	-	2	3
Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited	-	-	122	122
Muang Thong Services and Management				
Company Limited	-	-	4	4
Muang Thong Building Services Company Limited		-	3	4
		-	132	134
			688	609

5.7 Long - term loans from related parties

Long - term loans from related parties as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, comprise of :

	(Unit : Million Baht) Separate financial statements		
Loans from	2022	2021	
Sinpornchai Company Limited	6,650	8,050	

The Company established a wholly - owned subsidiary, Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited (BL Cayman), in October 1992 with a registered capital of USD 10,000. BL Cayman issued exchangeable notes in foreign capital markets, guaranteed by the Company and the entire proceeds of the notes were lent to the Company on equivalent financial terms.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

The Company entered into a loan agreement with BL Cayman on October 13, 1993, whereas in the event that the Company should have failed to meet its payment obligation which would have caused BL Cayman not able to make its payment to the note holders, the Company agreed to pay BL Cayman a penalty interest of 1% above the normal interest rate per annum on the amount due by the Company. However, no claim has been made against the Company. The Company therefore has not accounted for the penalty interest in its financial statements.

On March 28, 2016, the Company entered into agreement with BL Cayman that both parties agreed to acknowledge the debt and amend the terms and conditions. Outstanding debt as at December 31, 2015 was Baht 14,189 million (comprise of principal of Baht 4,619 million and accrued interest of Baht 9,570 million) which the BL Cayman agreed to waive accrued interest of Baht 189 million and the remaining amount of Baht 14,000 million was changed to be a principal with no interest charging since January 1, 2016 onwards. The Company recognized a gain on debt forgiveness as other income in the statement of comprehensive income for the year end March 31, 2016.

On March 30, 2016, the BL Cayman entered into agreement with Sinpornchai Company Limited that BL Cayman agreed to sell debt with BLAND amounting to Baht 14,000 million to Sinpornchai Company Limited at the price of Baht 200 million.

On March 31, 2017, the Company entered into a debt restructuring agreement with Sinpornchai Company Limited. The Company agreed to pay the unpaid amount of Baht 14,000 million to Sinpornchai Company Limited by offsetting the total amount of Baht 600 million (consisting of a principal of Baht 400 million and accrued interest of Baht 200 million, the Company has ceased to charge interest on the outstanding principal of Baht 400 million since April 1, 2017). Subsequently, make a deduction from the outstanding interest. Details are as follows:

				(Unit : Million Baht)
				Debt that the subsidiary
Year	Principle	Interest	Total	Company gave up
2017	15	-	15	335
2018	60	-	60	1,340
2019	60	-	60	1,340
2020	60	-	60	1,340
2021	60	-	60	1,340
2022	60	-	60	1,340
2023	60	-	60	1,340
2024	25	35	60	1,340
2025	-	60	60	1,340
2026	-	60	60	1,340
2027		45	45	1,005
	400	200	600	13,400

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

The Company has recognized the gain from debt repayment of Baht 1,340 million to other income in the statement of income for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Maturity of long - term loans from related parties are as follows :

- (П	ni	+ •	Λ/	H)	lion	Da	h+
- (U	ш	ι.	IV.	ш.	поп	Dа	шι,

	Separate financial s	Separate financial statements			
	2022	2021			
hin 1 year	1,400	1,400			
er 1 years	5,250	6,650			
1	6,650	8,050			

6. Trade and other current receivables - net

Trade receivable and other current receivable as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

	(Unit : Million Ba					
	Consolio	dated	Separate financial statements			
	financial sta	atements				
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Trade receivables	218	275	33	34		
<u>Less</u> Expected credit loss	(152)	(153)	(27)	(27)		
Trade receivables - net	66	122	6	7		
Advances and other receivables from related						
parties (Note 5.2)	-	-	3,018	3,030		
Investment in loans to related parties (Note 5.3)	-	-	475	475		
Prepaid expenses	23	22	7	4		
Revenue department receivables	13	21	5	-		
Accrued income	4	6	-	-		
Other current receivables - net	36	36	2	5		
Total trade and other current receivables - net	142	207	3,513	3,521		
The aging of trade receivables are as follows:						
Not over 3 months	50	110	5	6		
3 - 6 months	12	7	-	1		
6 - 12 months	4	7	1	1		
Over 12 months	152	151	27	26		
Total	218	275	33	34		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

7. Inventories

Inventories as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, comprises:

	(Unit : Million Bah				
	Consolidated		Separate		
_	financial stat	ements	financial statements		
	2022 2021		2022	2021	
Land	15,296	15,295	14,636	14,636	
Construction in progress	19,044	19,039	8,731	8,731	
Infrastructure cost - areas for sale	1,605	1,605	1,529	1,529	
- public areas	2,127	2,127	2,127	2,127	
Project management fee	993	994	483	483	
Borrowing costs	3,969	3,969	1,346	1,346	
Other related costs	1,333	1,332	913	912	
Transfer to investment property	363		<u>-</u>	-	
	44,730	44,361	29,765	29,764	
<u>Less</u> : Transfer to cost of sales to date					
- Cost of sales	(39,117)	(38,963)	(26,204)	(26,050)	
- Accumulated depreciation of public					
area infrastructure	(1,649)	(1,573)	(1,649)	(1,573)	
- Allowance for net realizable value					
Discounts	(2,187)	(2,187)	(503)	(503)	
Total Real estate development costs - net	1,777	1,638	1,409	1,638	
Less: Real estate development cost					
classified as current assets	(914)	(720)	(546)	(720)	
Net (Note 13)	863	918	863	918	

Part of the land and condominium units have been mortgaged with banks as collateral for letter of guarantee for the Group and have been pledged as collateral with the Courts. The mortgaged land and condominium units, as a percentage of the total land areas/total units, is as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate		
_	financial statements		financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Percentage of land mortgaged	-	0.09	-	0.09	
Percentage of condominium units mortgaged	1.90	3.00	2.02	3.00	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

8. Other current financial assets

_			(Unit :)	(Unit : Million Baht)		
	Consolie	dated	Separate			
_	financial sta	atements	financial statements			
_	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Debt instruments at amortised cost						
Fixed deposits with maturity date						
due more than 3 months	527	1,068	504	500		
Debt instruments measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Investment of open	557	453	1	1		
Total	1,084	1,521	505	501		

9. Investment in subsidiaries

As at March 31, 2022 and 2021, investment in subsidiaries comprise of:

	Separate financial statements							
	Million Baht Paid - up share capital		Percentage of holding		Million Baht At cost		Million Baht Dividend for the year	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Investment in subsidiaries								
Impact Exhibition Management								
Company Limited	12,953	12,953	100	100	9,848	9,848	-	-
Sinpornchai Company Limited	1,180	1,180	100	100	1,180	1,180	-	-
Muang Thong Building								
Services Company Limited	12	12	97	97	15	15	-	-
Muang Thong Services and								
Management Company Limited	25	25	97	97	10	10	-	-
Bangkok Land Agency								
Company Limited	100	100	99	99	81	81	19	32
Bangkok Airport Industry								
Company Limited	5,320	5,320	60	60	3	3	-	-
Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands)	USD	USD						
Company Limited	0.01	0.01	100	100	-	-	-	-
Spooner Limited	-	-	100	100	-	-	-	-
Total					11,137	11,137	19	32

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Details of non - wholly owned subsidiaries which have material non - controlling interests as at March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

							(Uni	t : Million Baht)
	Proportion	n of equity	Accumulate	ed balance of	Profit/loss al	located to non -		
	interest	held by	non - co	ntrolling	controlling i	nterests during	Dividend paid to	non - controlling
	non - control	ling interests	inte	rests	the	e year	interests du	ring the year
	2022	2021						
Company's name	(Percentage)	(Percentage)	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Impact Growth Real								
Estate Investment Trust	50.00	50.00	8,047	8,003	81	224	37	274

The summarized financial information before intragroup eliminations of each non-wholly owned subsidiary which has material non - controlling interests, are as follows:

	(Unit : Million Baht)			
	Impact Growth Real Estate Investment Trust			
	2022	2021		
Statement of financial position				
Total assets	20,372	20,272		
Total liabilities	(4,279)	(4,267)		
Net assets	16,093	16,005		
Carrying amount of non - controlling interest	8,047	8,003		
Statement of comprehensive income				
Total Revenues	661	1,109		
Net profit for the years	161	447		
Gain allocated to non - controlling interest for the year	81	224		
Statement of cash flows				
Dividends paid to non - controlling interests	37	274		
Cash flows provided by operating activities	222	250		
Cash flows provided by financing activities	(195)	(672)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash flows	27	(422)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

10. Investment property

During the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 the movements of investment property are as follows:

			(Unit : N	Illion Baht)	
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial sta	atements	financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Appraised value					
Beginning balance	39,468	38,308	11,713	11,125	
Increase	4	82	-	6	
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(102)	-	(102)	-	
Transfer to real estate cost	(363)	-	-	-	
Gain on revaluation	1,819	1,090	847	593	
Disposal from investment property		(12)	-	(12)	
Ending balance	40,826	39,468	12,458	11,712	

Investment property is stated at fair value based on the latest appraised value (market approach) of independent valuers e.g. the land and buildings of the exhibition center (Hall 5 - 12) and IMPACT Convention Center and building for rent were valued by income approach (level 3) and the land and land held for project for rent were valued by market approach (level 2).

The Executive board meeting on November 15, 2021, has approved to classify the land and buildings of a subsidiary as inventory because of the project development plan to dispose. The Group transfer investment property into the inventory account with fair value and approved to classify the Company's land as Property, plant, and equipment because of the project development plan to a cooking school. The Group transfer investment property into the property, plant and equipment account with fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

11. Property, plants and equipment – net

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group have the movements of property, plants and equipment are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements (In Million Baht)								
		Buildings	Impact Hall	Impact		Furniture			
		and other	interior	Hall	Buildings	and	Motor	Construction	
	Land	construction	systems	structure	improvements	fixtures	vehicles	in progress	Total
At cost									
As at March 31, 2021	1,000	324	4,635	3,578	385	1,769	115	60	11,866
Increase	-	-	23	-	-	22	-	113	158
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	(19)	-	-	(19)
Transfer in (Transfer out)	102	(151)	128	(128)	158			(7)	102
As at March 31, 2022	1,102	173	4,786	3,450	543	1,772	115	166	12,107
Accumulated depreciation									
As at March 31, 2021	-	128	2,909	932	251	1,404	103	-	5,727
Increase	-	4	227	89	29	112	3	-	464
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	(19)	-	-	(19)
Transfer in (Transfer out)		(6)	90	(90)	6				
As at March 31, 2022		126	3,226	931	286	1,497	106		6,172
Differences on revaluation of asset	<u>s</u>								
As at March 31, 2021	5,244	43	1,598	2,310	-	-	-	-	9,195
Increase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in (Transfer out)									
As at March 31, 2022	5,244	43	1,598	2,310					9,195
Accumulated depreciation-differen	nces								
on revaluation of assets									
As at March 31, 2021	-	33	266	361	-	-	-	-	660
Increase	-	3	23	56	-	-	-	-	81
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in (Transfer out)									
As at March 31, 2022		35	289	417					741
Net book value									
As at March 31, 2021	6,244	206	3,058	4,595	134	365	12	60	14,674
As at March 31, 2022	6,346	55	2,869	4,412	257	275	9	166	14,389

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

As at March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group have portion of property with historical costs of Baht 1,560 million and Baht 1,566 million, respectively, are in use but fully depreciated (Separate: Baht 101 million and Baht 61 million, respectively).

As at March 31, 2022 and 2021, a certain parcel of land and building with amount of Baht 17,959 million of a subsidiary have been mortgaged as collateral for long - term loan (Note 16).

As at March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group have reclassified the depreciation of buildings and equipment during the temporary shutdown in accordance with surveillance measures and the prevention of the spread of the Covid - 19 virus. It was administrative expenses in the amount of Baht 24.71 million and Baht 39.95 million, respectively.

Separate financial statements (In Million Baht)

	Land	Building improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Motor vehicles	Work in process	Total
At cost						
As at March 31, 2021	-	163	21	15	5	204
Increase	-	1	1	-	56	58
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in (Transfer out)	102	6			(6)	102
As at March 31, 2022	102	170	22	15	55	364
Accumulated depreciation						
As at March 31, 2021	-	79	20	14	-	113
Increase	-	13	1	1	-	15
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in (Transfer out)						
As at March 31, 2022		92	21	15		128
Net book value						
As at March 31, 2021		84	1	1	5	91
As at March 31, 2022	102	78	1		55	236

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

12. Right-of-use assets

Movements of the right-of-use assets account during the year ended March 31, 2022, are summarized below.

_	(Unit : Million Baht)		
_	Consolidated financial statements		
_	2022	2021	
Net book value beginning	24	-	
Adjustments of right-of-use assets due to TFRS16 adoption	-	29	
Additions	58	1	
Depreciation during the year	(9)	(6)	
Net book value as at ending	73	24	

13. Other non - current assets

The balances of other non - current assets as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows :

			(Unit : N	Million Baht)
	Consolio	dated	Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Real estate development cost (Note 7)	863	918	863	918
Deposits pledged as collateral	72	71	47	50
Non - current tax assets	92	115	-	-
Others	372	385	336	346
Total	1,399	1,489	1,246	1,314

14. Trade and other current payables

The balances of trade and other current payables as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

<u>-</u>			(Unit : I	Million Baht)	
	Consolio	lated	Separate financial statements		
_	financial sta	atements			
_	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Payables with related companies (Note 5.6)	-	-	688	609	
Trade payables	131	49	10	-	
Advance received	296	336	84	132	
Accrued expenses	176	157	14	8	
Other payables	196	209	28	28	
Total	799	751	824	777	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

15. Other current liabilities

The balances of other current liabilities as at March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

			(Unit	: Million Baht)	
	Consolid	lated	Separate financial statements		
	financial sta	tements			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Deposit	140	135	83	84	
Security deposit	108	113	27	26	
Retentions	27	31	3	2	
Others	5	18	<u> </u>	2	
Total	280	297	113	114	

16. Long - term loans

_	(Unit : Million Baht)	
	Consolidated finance	cial statements
	2022	2021
1. A long - term credit facility amounting to Baht 1,900 million carry		
interest at floating rates not exceeding MLR - 1.50% per annum, with		
interest payable every month - end and principal repayment for 72		
monthly installments on monthly basis as from April 2016	1,872	1,876
2. A long - term credit facility amounting to Baht 2,000 million carry		
interest indicated in loan agreement plus fixed interest rate with interest		
payable monthly and principal to be paid in full within 2024	2,000	2,000
Total	3,872	3,876
Less : deferred amortization on front end fee	(1)	(1)
Total	3,871	3,875
Less: current portion of long - term loans	(1,872)	(5)
Long - term loans - net of current portion	1,999	3,870

All long - term loans are secured by mortgage of land and buildings, including utility systems and equipment of IMPACT Muang Thong Thani in which the subsidiary has invested, including the conditional assignment of rights under insurance policies, right under related contracts and rights over bank accounts of the subsidiary.

The loan agreements contain covenants, which, among other things, require the subsidiary to maintain certain financial ratios such as loan-to-total assets and interest coverage ratios.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

As at March 31, 2022, the subsidiary has unutilized credit facilities with two financial institution amounting to Baht 280 million. (As at March 31, 2021: Baht 280 million)

Maturity of loans from financial institution are as follows:

Consolidated financi	al statements
2022	2021
1,872	5
1,999	3,870
3,871	3,875
	1,872 1,999

17. Deferred tax

Deferred tax as at March 31, 2022 and 2021 comprises:

(Unit	:	Mıl	lıon	Ba.	ht)
-------	---	-----	------	-----	-----

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial sta	financial statements		itements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Deferred tax assets	340	340	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	(4,164)	(3,832)	(719)	(558)	

The components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

(0)				
Consolidated financial statements		Separate		
		financial st	tatements	
2022	2021	2022	2021	
11	11	-	-	
1	1	-	-	
328	328			
340	340		-	
	financial sta 2022 11 1 328	financial statements 2022 2021 11 11 1 1 328 328	Consolidated Separation financial statements financial statements 2022 2021 2022 11 11 - 1 1 - 328 328 -	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

	(Unit : Million Baht)				
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial stat	ements	financial statements		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	(936)	(945)	-	-	
Investment property	(3,506)	(3,089)	(930)	(753)	
Income recognition of real estate business	-	1	-	1	
Expected credit loss	15	16	6	6	
Provision for long - term employee benefits	27	29	6	6	
Provision for loss on pending from lawsuits	199	182	199	182	
Assets (lease) under lease agreement	(1)	-	-	-	
Accumulated loss not exceed five accounting					
Periods	138	74	-	-	
Other	(100)	(100)	<u>-</u> _	_	
Total deferred tax liabilities - net	(4,164)	(3,832)	(719)	(558)	

18. Provisions for employee benefit

An administrative department actuary carried out an evaluation of the Company's obligations for employees' long - term benefits using the projected unit credit method. The Company and subsidiary have provided the provision for employees' long - term benefits for the year end March 31, 2022 and 2021, as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated Separate Current provisions for employee benefit Non - current provisions for employee benefit Total provisions for employee benefit

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

(Unit : Million Baht)

_	Consolidated		Separate	
_	2021	2020	2021	2020
Employee benefit obligations – beginning of year	148	128	32	32
Employee benefit expenses				
Current service costs	19	20	1	-
Interest on obligation	4	3	-	-
Actuarial (gain) loss from employee benefit	(18)	11	-	-
<u>Less</u> liabilities from employee retirement	(11)	(14)	(1)	
Employee benefit obligations – ending of year	142	148	32	32

Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (Actuarial basis) are summarized below:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	(Cint : Willion Built)				
	Conso	Consolidated		rate	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Discount rate (%)	1.47 - 3.51	1.77 - 2.80	2.13	2.13	
Future salary increase rate (%)	4.00 - 6.00	4.00 - 6.00	4.00	4.00	
Retirement age (years old)	60	60	60	60	

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long - term employee benefit obligation as at March 31, 2022 and 2021 are summarised below:

(Unit : Million Baht)

		As at March 31, 2022					
	Conso	lidated	Separate				
Assumptions that affect	Increase rate	Decrease rate	Increase rate	Decrease rate			
Discount rate (1.00%)	(9)	10	(1)	1			
Future salary increase rate (1.00%)	10	(9)	1	(1)			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

	(Unit: Million Baht)						
Assumptions that affect		As at March 31, 2021					
	Conso	lidated	Separate				
	Increase rate	Decrease rate	Increase rate	Decrease rate			
Discount rate (1.00%)	(10)	12	(1)	1			
Future salary increase rate (1.00%)	11	(10)	1	(1)			

(II. '4 MCII' - D.14)

19. Lease liabilities

As at March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group have lease liabilities as follows:

	(Unit : Million I			
	Consolidat	ed		
	2565	2564		
Lease liabilities	75	24		
<u>Less</u> Deferred interest expense	(7)	(3)		
Total	68	21		
Less Current portion	(12)	(6)		
Lease liabilities - net	56	15		

20. Treasury stock

The Board of Directors' meeting on March 14, 2018, the Board of Directors passed a resolution approving the share repurchase program for the third financial management in the amount not exceeding Baht 3,719 million, representing a repurchase not exceeding 1,859,621,824 shares with a par value of Baht 1, the share price to be repurchased is not more than 10% of the total paid - up shares and the repurchase period is 6 months from the date of share repurchase for a period not to exceed 1 year (ended September 28, 2019).

On October 2, 2019, Board of Directors' meeting No. 6/2019, passed a resolution approving the reduction of the paid up capital from Baht 18,596,569,754 to be Baht 17,374,401,054 by deduction of the share capital, the repurchase at the amount of 1,222,168,700 shares under share repurchase project 3. The Company registered the reduction of paid - up capital to the Ministry of Commerce on October 11, 2019. The Company reversed all the appropriated retained earnings for treasury shares after decreasing paid - up share capital by writing off the treasury shares as stated above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

The Board of Directors' meeting on March 4, 2020, the Board of Directors passed a resolution approving the share repurchase program for the fourth financial management in the amount not exceeding Baht 2,085 million, representing a repurchase not exceeding 1,737,440,105 shares with a par value of Baht 1, the share price to be repurchased is not more than 10% of the total paid - up shares and the repurchase period is 6 months from the date of share repurchase for a period not to exceed 3 year (ended September 18, 2023).

According to letter No. Gor Lor Tor. Chor Sor. (Vor) 2/2005 of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, dated February 14, 2005, concerning the acquisition of treasury shares, a public limited company may purchase back treasury shares in an amount not exceeding the amount of its retained earnings and is to appropriate an equal amount of retained earnings to a reserve for treasury shares, which must be maintained until the Company either sells the treasury shares or reduces its paid-up share capital by an amount equal to the value of the treasury shares which it could not sell.

The Company appropriated the full required amount of retained earnings to a reserve for the treasury shares.

As at March 31,2022, the Company has 21,775,900 repurchased shares or equal to 0.13% of paid - up share capital which is Baht 19 million.

21. Dividend payment

The Board of Directors' meeting held on July 22, 2021, passed the resolution to approve the dividend payment at the rate of Baht 0.03 per share, totaling Baht 521 million. The payment of this dividend deducted from treasury stock paid to shareholders. The payment of this dividend shell be paid on August 2021.

The ordinary shareholders' meeting held on July 23, 2020, passed the resolution to approve the dividend payment for the year ended March 31, 2020, at the rate of Baht 0.06 per share to the shareholders. The Company has already paid the interim dividend at the rate of Baht 0.04 per share to the shareholders on March 13, 2020, totaling Baht 695 million. Therefore, the Company pay the remaining dividend at the rate of Baht 0.02 per share to the shareholders, totaling Baht 347 million. The payment of this dividend shell be paid on August 2020.

22. Legal reserve

According to the Public Limited Companies Act, the Company has appropriated its reserve as a legal reserve in the sum of 5% of the annual net profit less the total accumulated deficit brought forward, until the legal reserve reaches of 10% of the registered authorized capital. Such the legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

23. Other revenues

Other revenues for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 comprise:

			(Unit : 1	Million Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Interest income	13	20	17	49
Gain on debt forgiveness from subsidiary (Note 5.7)	-	-	1,340	1,340
Unrealized gain on valuation of current investment	2	7	-	-
Gain on disposal fixed assets	-	4	-	4
Others	93	110	4	41
Total	108	141	1,361	1,434

24. Expenses classified by nature of expenses

Significant expenses by nature for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

			(Unit : M	fillion Baht)
	Consolio	dated	Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	ntements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Salary and wages and other employee benefits	753	816	27	29
Depreciation and amortization	640	659	102	102
Professional fee	40	71	48	82
Advertising expense	5	3	1	2
Other charges	44	74	9	8
Commission	-	17	-	17
Rental and service expense	43	38	84	107
Loss from litigation	83	1,032	83	910
Repair expenses	95	66	3	-
Utilities expenses	141	197	36	39

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

25. Income tax

Income tax recognized in profit or loss

For the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, income tax expenses are as follows:

For the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, income tax expe	iises are as ioi	nows .	(Unit:	Million Baht)
	Cons	solidated	Sep	arate
	financial statements		financial	statements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Corporate income tax:				
Corporate income tax for the years	26	3 275	215	225
Deferred income taxes :				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	32	7 52	161	(58)
Income tax in statements of comprehensive income	59	0 327	376	167
Reconciliation of effective tax rate				
			(Unit:	Million Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements			ts
	Rate (%)	2022	Rate (%)	2021
Profit (loss) before income tax expense		1,232	_	(250)
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	20	246	20	(50)
Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable income		17		325
or not deductible in determining taxable profit - net Total		263	_	275
Total			=	213
			(Unit:	Million Baht)
	-	Separate finance	cial statements	
	Rate (%)	2022	Rate (%)	2021
Profit (loss) before income tax expense		1,894	_	868
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	20	379	20	174
Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable income				
or not deductible in determining taxable profit - net		(164)		51
Total		215		225

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

26. Management benefit expenses

Management benefit expenses represent benefit expenses that management obtained from the Company such as compensation paid in cash and other benefits as stocks, debentures or other privileges including employee stocks option plan or any incentive, etc. For the listed company, management represents the management team as described according to the Securities and Exchange Law.

Management benefit expenses for the years ended March 31,2022 and 2021 are as follows:

_	(Unit : Million Baht)					
	Consoli	dated	Separate financial statements			
_	financial sta	tements				
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Management benefit expenses presented in costs						
of sales	8	11	-	-		
Management benefit expenses presented in						
administrative expense	74	79	18	18		
Total	82	90	18	18		

27. Segment information

	Consolidated financial statements (Million Baht)								
	For the year ended March 31, 2022								
	Real	Real							
	estate	Retail	Exhibition	Other					
	business	business	center business	service	Total	Elimination	Total		
Segment revenue	659	306	1,436	121	2,522	(532)	1,990		
Segment profit (loss)	343	79	(547)	66	(59)	(45)	(104)		
Corporate expenses					(289)	-	(289)		
Interest income					23	(10)	13		
Dividend income					135	(135)	-		
Loss on pending lawsuit					(83)	-	(83)		
Gain on debt forgiveness									
from subsidiary					1,380	(1,380)	-		
Gain on revaluation of									
investment property					1,819	-	1,819		
Finance costs					(126)	12	(114)		
Income tax expense				<u>-</u>	(597)	7	(590)		
Net profit (loss) of year				-	2,203	(1,551)	652		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

	Consolidated financial statements (Million Baht)									
	For the year ended March 31, 2021									
	Real	Real								
	estate	Retail	Exhibition	Other						
	business	business	center business	service	Total	Elimination	Total			
Segment revenue	1,409	346	1,855	149	3,759	(642)	3,117			
Segment profit (loss)	401	87	69	70	627	(504)	123			
Corporate expenses					(336)	-	(336)			
Interest income					59	(39)	20			
Dividend income					426	(426)	-			
Loss on pending lawsuit					(1,032)	-	(1,032)			
Gain on debt forgiveness										
from subsidiary					1,380	(1,380)	-			
Gain on revaluation of										
investment property					1,090	-	1,090			
Finance costs					(157)	42	(115)			
Income tax expense				_	(334)	6	(328)			
Net profit (loss) of year				_	1,723	(2,301)	(578)			

28. Financial instruments

28.1 Financial risk management and policies

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk, market risk (including interest rate risk) and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative instruments to hedge certain exposures.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial losses if a customer or the counterparty fails to meet its obligations. However, the Group have a policy to enter into financial instruments with credit worthy counterparties, therefore the Group do not anticipate material losses from their debt collection. The Group adequately provided expected credit loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk incurs from the future interest rate instability, which may affect the Group operating result and cash flow. The Group also incurs interest rate risk from investment in financial institutes, bank overdraft, loan from banks, and promissory note - financial institute.

Since the financial assets and liabilities are held primarily in short - term and have fixed interest rates in relation with the current market interest rate, the Group has not used financial derivative to protect against such risk.

As at March 31, 2022 and 2021, significant interest - bearing financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated financial statements As at March 31, 2022 Fixed interest rates Non -Within 1 - 5 Over Floating interest 1 year 5 years interest rate bearing Total Interest rate years (% per annum) **Financial Assets** 4,225 0.05 - 0.90 Cash and cash equivalents 353 3,805 67 Other current financial assets 527 557 1,084 0.15 - 0.30Other non - current assets 61 7 4 72 - Deposits pledged as collateral 0.05 - 0.20880 61 3,812 628 5,381 Financial liabilities Current portion of long - term Not exceeding 1,872 1,872 MLR - 1.50 loans 1,999 1,999 Long - term loans 3,871 3,871

^{*}not exceeding MLR - 1.50% and interest indicated in loan agreement plus fixed interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

						(Un	it : Million Baht)		
		Consolidated financial statements							
				As at March	31, 2021				
	Fixe	d interest r	ates						
					Non -				
	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	interest				
	1 year	years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	Interest rate		
							(% per annum)		
Financial Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	3	-	-	4,285	38	4,326	0.05 - 0.25		
Other current financial assets	1,069	-	-	-	453	1,522	0.25 - 0.80		
Other non - current assets									
- Deposits pledged as collateral			64	7		71	0.05 - 0.90		
	1,072		64	4,292	491	5,919			
Financial liabilities									
Current portion of long - term							Not exceeding		
liabilities	-	-	-	5	-	5	MLR - 1.50		
Long - term loans				3,870		3,870	*		
				3,875		3,875			

^{*}not exceeding MLR - 1.50% and interest indicated in loan agreement plus fixed interest rate.

						(Unit	: Million Baht)		
		Separate financial statements							
		As at March 31, 2022							
	Fixed	d interest r	ates						
					Non -				
	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	interest				
	1 year	years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	Interest rate		
							(% per annum)		
Financial Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	1	-	-	2,011	22	2,034	0.05 - 0.13		
Other current financial assets	504	-	-	-	1	505	0.15		
Short - term loans to related parties									
- net	3,532	-	-	-	-	3,532	1.00		
Other non - current assets									
- Deposits pledged as collateral			47			47	0.13 - 0.15		
	4,037		47	2,011	23	6,118			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

						(Uni	t : Million Baht)		
		Separate financial statements							
				As at March	31, 2021		_		
	Fixed	l interest r	ates						
					Non -				
	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	interest				
	1 year	years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	Interest rate		
							(% per annum)		
Financial Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	2	-	-	2,557	17	2,576	0.05 - 0.13		
Other current financial assets	500	-	-	-	1	501	0.25		
Short - term loans to related parties									
- net	3,729	-	-	-	-	3,729	1.00		
Other non - current assets									
- Deposits pledged as collateral			50		<u> </u>	50	0.25		
	4,231		50	2,557	18	6,856			

Currency risks

Currency risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency exchange rates.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk or funding risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising fund to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly or close to its fair value.

28.2 Fair value of financial instruments

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non - financial assets and liabilities. The fair value is the price at which an orderly transaction to sell an asset or to transfer a liability would take place between market participants at the measurement date. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods.

- The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other accounts receivable, short term loans, other current assets, bank overdrafts, short - term borrowings, trade and other accounts payable and other current liabilities is taken to approximate the carrying value.
- Fair value of investments in equity securities trading securities according to the offering price, the date.
- The fair value of long term borrowings is taken to approximate the carrying value because most of these financial instruments bear interest at market rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Book value of the above financial assets and liabilities is measured at amortized cost, except for the items that will be mentioned as follows.

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying values shown in the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022 were as follows:

_				(Unit : Million Baht)			
		Consolidated fin	ancial statements				
		As at March 31, 2022					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Financial assets measured at fair value							
Held for trade investments*	-	557	-	557			
Financial assets for which fair value are							
disclosed							
Investment properties	-	26,527	14,299	40,826			

^{*} Level 2 - The fair value determined by using the net asset value as published by the Asset Management

				(Unit : Million Baht)		
_		Consolidated finance	cial statements			
	As at March 31, 2021					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets measured at fair value						
Held for trade investments*	-	453	-	453		
Financial assets for which fair value are						
disclosed						
Investment properties	-	24,643	14,825	39,468		

^{*} Level 2 - The fair value determined by using the net asset value as published by the Asset Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

			J)	Unit : Million Baht)		
	Separate financial statements					
		As at March 3	31, 2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets measured at fair value						
Held for trade investments*	-	1	-	1		
Financial assets for which fair value are						
disclosed						
Investment properties	-	11,944	514	12,458		
* Level 2 - The fair value determined by	using the net asset val	ue as published by the Asse	_	Unit : Million Baht)		
-		Separate financia	al statements			
-		As at March	31, 2021			
-	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets measured at fair value						
Held for trade investments*	-	1	-	1		
Financial assets for which fair value are						
disclosed						

^{*} Level 2 - The fair value determined by using the net asset value as published by the Asset Management

29. Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net profit (loss) attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares held by third parties in issue during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

30. Pending lawsuits

As at March 31, 2022, the Company has pending lawsuits as summarized below:

- a) On January 16, 2015, the Company was sue that the Company had breached the reciprocal agreement. The plaintiffs claimed that the Company sold certain piece of land without the approval and consent of the plaintiffs who were the sole agent. Then, the plaintiffs sued the Company to transfer the land to the plaintiffs. If not, the Company has to pay compensation to the plaintiffs. The Company had submitted a statement to the Court on May 15, 2015 and the Court has judged to dismiss the case on August 25, 2016. The plaintiff has appialed to the Court on September 23, 2016, The Company has filed an defense. Subsequently, on July 27, 2017, the Court of Appeal has dismissed the judgment. The plaintiff filed the petition and the Company filed the petition. Subsequently, on July 18, 2019, the Supreme Court dismissed the case, therefor, the case is final judgment.
- b) On January 31, 2017, seven holders of exchangeable notes in Swiss Francs term have jointly filed a petition for the winding up of Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited to the Grand Court of Cayman Islands claiming that Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited is insolvent and unable to pay principal and interest on the of exchangeable notes in Swiss Francs term, and on May 3, 2017, the Cayman Islands Court has issued an order to dismiss the company's winding up petition of the seven plaintiffs.
- On February 9, 2017, Deutsche Trustee Co., Ltd., Trustee of the 4.5% p.a. USD 150,000,000 exchangeable bonds due 2003 ("the Exchangeable Bonds"), filed a plaint in its own name and on behalf of the holdersof the Exchangeable Bonds against Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited as the issuer of the Exchangeable Bonds and Bangkok Land Public Company Limited as the guarantor of the Exchangeable Bonds in the Commercial Court in London, England requiring the group company to repay the indebtedness under the Exchangeable Bonds and related indebtedness in the total amount of USD 34,208,463.12 and interest calculated on a daily basis of USD 2,328.22 a day. Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited and Bangkok Land Public Company Limited have filed their defence and counterclaim on March 30, 2017, requesting the Court to enforce the plaintiff to return all the dividends that the Trustee has paid for the interest arrears and fees and expenses of the Trustee. The amount of debt claiming by the plaintiff was overrated. The Court was also requested to enforce the plaintiff to return a total of 212,096,990 shares pledged to Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited. On March 19, 2019, the Commercial Court of England sentenced Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Limited to repay debt in US Dollars bonds, including interest as money number 28,201,848.12 US Dollars and the cost of such litigation is 1,761,838.84 Pounds sterling and the Company's lawyer commented that the judgment of the English court will not be in force in Thailand but the Deutsche Trustee Co., Ltd must bring the case to the court in Thailand in order to the court in Thailand to have a judgment to force the Company (as the guarantor) to pay the such USD currency debt and the English court judgment can only be used as evidence in the case of Thailand. However, the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

Company has been sued for debt repayment in US Dollars in Thailand and on October 1, 2012, the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade Court has a verdict in decided case No. Kor Kor. 20/2009, decided case No. Kor Kor. 202/2012, the judge dismissed the plaintiff because of precluded by prescription. Subsequently, on December 4, 2014, the Supreme Court of Intellectual Property and International Trade Litigation Division with the judgment of No. 15979/2014 by the confirmation of the judgment for the plaintiff under the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade Court which the case has final judgment.

In July 2018, Trustee has filed a petition to the Commercial Court, England requesting for issuance of the court's order for the interim anti - suit injunction to restrain Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited from commencing and cease any proceeding in relation to the Trust Deed, the exchangeable bonds in US Dollar term or the shares pledged of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited, as well as discontinue any relevant case (if it already commenced), whether in Thailand or in any other jurisdiction. On July 27, 2018, the Commercial Court, England has issued an order as requested by the Trustee to restrain Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited (including their directors, officers, or agents) from commencing and cease any proceeding in relation to the Trust Deed, the exchangeable bonds in US Dollar term or the shares pledgd of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited, as well as discontinue any relevant case (if it already commenced), whether in Thailand or in any other jurisdiction, and to pay the Trustee the damages in the sum of GBP 40,712.16 (as at March 31, 2022: Baht 1.80 million).

The legal advisor of the Company has the opinion that although the plaintiff won the case abroad, the plaintiff must file a lawsuit against Bangkok Land Public Company Limited as a guarantor in Thailand as a new case. The foreign judgment could not be applicable and enforceable in Thailand. Therefore, the Company did not make such provision.

The lawyers of the group company have the opinion that all lawsuits in relation to the exchangeable notes in Swiss Francs term and the exchangeable bonds in US Dollar term have been cited that the status of limitations has expired. All holders were not the actual holders due to wrongful acquisition in accordance with the securities transfer under the laws of Switzerland and England (as the case may be).

On July 23, 2018, The Company filed a lawsuit against Deutsche Trustee Co.,Ltd and its partisans to prosecute in a court of Thailand, a civil lawsuit was filed against the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade, claiming damages of Baht 625.61 million. On February 5, 2021, the Court has rendered a judgment for the Company to repay the outstanding amount incurred under the USD Bonds, including interests, in the amount of USD 28,360,689.46 and the default interest at the rate of 4.5 percentage per annum calculated from the principle amount of USD 13,379,000 as from the date of the Trustee's counter - claim until the date of the completion of the payment. In addition, the Company shall also make payment of the expenses incurred from the operation as a trustee and other expenses of the Trustee, including interests, in the amount of GBP 1,868,885.65 together with the default interest at the rate of 2 percentage

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

higher than the interest rate of West Bank calculated from the principle amount of GBP 1,798,034.17 as from the date of the Trustee's counter - claim until the date of the completion of the payment and the Company has already recorded provision for loss on pending lawsuits in the financial statements for the year. However, the aforementioned case is not final and the Company had exercised its right to appeal in accordance with the law. On May 25, 2022, the Company has entered into a guarantee agreement with the Court and used securities as land and condominium title deeds of the Company and its subsidiaries as collateral for suspension of enforcement during the consideration of the Court of Appeal for Specialized Cases. The Court set the date for the consideration of collateral for stay of execution during the appeal on June 10, 2022.

On April 18, 2019, the Company was sued by a person in a criminal case, offense according to the Securities and Exchange Act, and fraud, and also on May 8, 2019, the Company was also sued by such person in the civil case, offenses under the offense of the Securities and Exchange Act, infringement by claiming damages Baht 100 million. The criminal case is scheduled for an appointment for investigation on April 25, 2022 on that day, the plaintiff's lawyer submitted a request to postpone the case claiming that the plaintiff had an accident during rehabilitation and physical therapy, and unable to come to court. The court therefore ordered to postpone the date of appointment for a data inquiry to June 20, 2022. As for the civil case, the court considered to temporarily dispose of civil cases until the such criminal case is finalized, when the criminal case has an outcome on the verdict, then the parties of the court to bring up the civil case for further consideration. Therefore, the civil case is currently temporarily discharged in order to wait for the result of the criminal trial.

The lawyer of the Company has an opinion that the civil case being filed as a civil case related to the criminal case, therefore, has to wait for the results of the appointment for investigation of the criminal case and also the Company is not the offender or violated the plaintiff's claim.

e) A subsidiary was sued for breach of contract. - canceled the contract and demanded a refund plus damages amounting to Baht 10.01 million. The Court of First Instance made an appointment to take the witnesses on October 26 - 28, 2022.

31. Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company's and its subsidiaries' capital management are to maintain their abilities to continue as a going concern and to maintain an appropriate capital structure.

As at March 31, 2022, debt to equity ratio in the consolidated financial statements is 0.20: 1.00 (Separate: debt to equity ratio is 0.37: 1.00).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

32. Commitments and contingent liabilities

- a) As at March 31, 2022, the Company's and its subsidiaries had capital commitments to the principal building contractor for the construction of real estate agreements amounting to approximately Baht 167 million (Separate : Baht 130 million).
- b) As at March 31, 2022, the Company's and its subsidiaries had contingent liabilities in respect of bank guarantees issued by the banks on behalf of the Company and its subsidiaries in the normal course of business amounting to approximately Baht 95 million (Separate: Baht 36 million).
- c) As at March 31, 2022, and 2021, the subsidiary has a commitment in respect of payments in accordance with the rental and service agreement as follows:

		(Unit : Million Baht)
	2022	2021
Payable :		
Within 1 year	80	95
In over 1 and up to 5 years	67	124
Over 5 years	1	2

d) The Company has a commitment in respect of payment in accordance with the agreement with BTS Group Holdings Public Company Limited ("BTS") to support the Pink Line Extension to Muang Thong Thani, Chaengwattana Rd. In this regards, the Company shall be responsible not over Baht 1,250 million, to cooperation on the construction cost of rail system of the Extension of the Pink Line and the 2 train stations at the Company's land of IMPACT Challenger and Muang Thong Thani's Lake, along with Baht 10 million per year for the operation and maintenance of the Extension throughout 30 years.

33. Events after the reporting period

At the Board of Directors Meeting No. 4/2022 of the REIT Manager held on May 19, 2022, the Board of Directors approved the appropriation of interim distribution of Baht 0.05 per unit, totaling amounting to Baht 74.10 million. Such interim distribution will be paid to its unitholders in June 2022.

34. Reclassification

Certain amounts in the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company's and its subsidiaries have been reclassified to conform to the current period, which no effect on net income or shareholders' equity previously reported.

35. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 30, 2022.