BANGKOK LAND PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Shareholders of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024, and the consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income, the consolidated and separate statements of changes in shareholders' equity and the consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended and, notes to financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the consolidated and separate financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group and the Company, respectively, as at March 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of Investments Properties

As discussed in Notes 11 to the financial statements, the Group and the Company had investments properties presented in the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024, at their fair value of Baht 43,264 million and Baht 14,129 million, respectively, the fair value of these investments properties based on the value appraised by an independent appraiser the measurement of fair value was based on the assumptions and judgement of both the management and an independent appraiser. I identified the measurement of investment properties to be an area significantly impacting the financial statements.

Risk Responses

I gain an understanding of the calculation of fair value of investments properties by making enquiry of responsible executives and gaining an understanding of the operation of controls designed by the Group and the Company. I considered the extent and objectives of the assessment of fair value by the independent appraiser and assessed the techniques by the independent appraiser to measure the fair value, as specified in the appraisal report prepared by the appraiser, by comparing them to my knowledge and past experience regarding the valuation of the same or similar assets. I also considered the consistency of the application of such techniques and assessed the competence and in dependence of the independent appraiser by checking publicly available data. In addition, I reviewed the data and key assumptions used in the measurement of fair value by comparing the estimated operating results with the Group and the Company are actual operating results to evaluate the judgement in terms of estimating operating results, and testing the calculation of fair value which was based on assumptions.

Pending Lawsuits

As discussed in Notes 30(b) to the financial statements, the Group had pending lawsuits in the Commercial Court in London, England, in order to the Group to pay the debts and other related debts amounting to USD 34.21 million.

Risk Responses

I request the confirmation replies from the Group's lawyers and the Group's lawyers have sent their opinions to me. In addition, I assessed the competence of the Group and the Company lawyers. I also reviewed the disclosure of information in the notes to the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

I draw attention to Note 30(b) of the financial statements. On July 23, 2018, the Company filed a lawsuit against Deutsche Trustee Co., Ltd. and its partisans to prosecute in a Court of Thailand, a civil lawsuit was filed against the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade, claiming damages of Baht 625.61 million. On February 5, 2021, the Court rendered a judgment for the Company to repay the outstanding amount incurred under the USD Bonds, including interests, in the amount of USD 28,360,689,46 and the default interest at the rate of 4.5 percent per annum calculated from the principal amount of USD 13,379,000 as from the date of the Trustee's counter - claim until the date of the completion of the payment. In addition, the Company shall also make payment of the expenses incurred from the operation as a trustee and other expenses of the Trustee, including interests, in the amount of GBP 1,868,885.65 together with the default interest at the rate of 2 percent higher than the interest rate of West Bank calculated from the principal amount of GBP 1,798,034.17 as from the date of the Trustee's counter - claim until the date of the completion of the payment and the Company has already recorded a provision for loss on pending lawsuits in the financial statements for the year. However, the aforementioned case is not final and the Company had exercised its right to appeal in accordance with the law. On May 25, 2022, the Company entered into a guarantee agreement with the Court and used securities as land and condominium title deeds of the Group as collateral for suspension of enforcement during the consideration of the Court of Appeal for Specialized Cases. And on March 30, 2023, the Court confirmed a judgment as before. At present, the case is currently under consideration in the Supreme Court level. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in
 the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and
 the Company's are internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within
 the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision
 and performance of the Group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

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From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance

in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when,

in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse

consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Kannika Wipanurat.

(Ms. Kannika Wipanurat)

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand)

Registration No. 7305

Karin Audit Company Limited

Bangkok, Thailand

May 30, 2024

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT MARCH 31, 2024

					(Unit : Baht)	
	_	Consolidat	ed	Separate		
		financial states	ments	financial states	ments	
	Notes	2024	2023	2024	2023	
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		1,840,496,544	1,537,760,182	319,347,696	248,413,148	
Trade and other current receivables - net	5.2, 6	210,041,588	231,178,405	3,498,865,377	3,551,612,095	
Inventories	7	1,598,231,405	1,342,776,808	470,238,944	519,949,862	
Short - term loans to related parties - net	5.4	-	-	2,623,440,639	3,106,504,977	
Current tax assets		59,235,757	51,563,344	-	-	
Other current financial assets	8	1,844,385,762	2,546,113,376	16,369,047	507,302,612	
Other current assets		88,042,687	80,293,689	16,373,160	20,627,516	
Total current assets		5,640,433,743	5,789,685,804	6,944,634,863	7,954,410,210	
Non - current assets						
Investments in subsidiaries	9	-	-	11,137,586,908	11,137,586,908	
Investment in associate	10	212,814,764	-	-	-	
Investment property	11	43,263,526,261	41,839,967,844	14,128,611,500	13,253,975,050	
Property, plant and equipment - net	12	16,500,631,692	14,772,915,539	479,151,621	488,069,092	
Right-of-use assets	5.5, 13	37,494,248	56,990,190	7,298,802	2,185,428	
Deferred tax assets	18	338,878,001	341,168,966	-	-	
Other non - current assets	14	2,256,937,482	2,010,537,229	2,148,792,989	1,879,490,967	
Total non - current assets		62,610,282,448	59,021,579,768	27,901,441,820	26,761,307,445	
TOTAL ASSETS	=	68,250,716,191	64,811,265,572	34,846,076,683	34,715,717,655	

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONT.)

AS AT MARCH 31, 2024

					(Unit: Baht)
	_	Consolidat	ed	Separate	
		financial state	ments	financial states	ments
	Notes	2024	2023	2024	2023
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u> </u>			_	
Current liabilities					
Trade and other current payables	5.6, 15	668,161,950	666,930,431	267,303,079	400,513,148
Current contract liabilities		409,825,534	305,063,623	32,891,653	32,553,026
Current portion of long - term loans	5.7, 17	3,859,458,518	-	1,400,000,000	1,400,000,000
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	5.5, 20	15,248,225	15,800,560	2,332,209	2,896,731
Current provisions for employee benefit	19	26,491,473	27,857,256	4,264,668	5,371,234
Provision for loss on pending lawsuits	30(b)	1,269,671,549	1,164,057,186	1,147,926,429	1,042,312,065
Current income tax payable		235,345,869	244,763,268	210,449,620	228,953,917
Other current liabilities	16	312,803,809	298,328,530	127,103,147	131,691,853
Total current liabilities		6,797,006,927	2,722,800,854	3,192,270,805	3,244,291,974
Non - current liabilities	_				_
Non - current contract liabilities		39,552,373	45,482,241	39,552,373	45,482,241
Long - term loans	5.7, 17	-	3,858,228,347	2,450,000,000	3,850,000,000
Lease liabilities	5.5, 20	20,373,505	38,673,973	4,966,592	-
Deferred tax liabilities	18	4,692,824,787	4,600,952,715	1,034,302,429	875,063,947
Non - current provisions for employee benefit	19	120,911,484	105,415,826	7,840,525	7,173,340
Other - non current liabilities		6,520,675	14,485,568	-	-
Total non - current liabilities		4,880,182,824	8,663,238,670	3,536,661,919	4,777,719,528
Total liabilities		11,677,189,751	11,386,039,524	6,728,932,724	8,022,011,502
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital					
Authorized share capital					
26,273,882,154 common shares of Baht 1 par	value	26,273,882,154		26,273,882,154	
26,295,658,054 common shares of Baht 1 par	value		26,295,658,054		26,295,658,054
Issued and fully paid - up share		_			
17,352,625,154 common shares of Baht 1 par	value	17,352,625,154		17,352,625,154	
17,374,401,054 common shares of Baht 1 par	value		17,374,401,054		17,374,401,054
Treasury stock	21	-	(18,926,720)	-	(18,926,720)
Premium on share capital		1,998,364,505	1,995,515,325	1,998,364,505	1,995,515,325
Retained earnings					
- Appropriated for legal reserve		1,163,318,506	1,092,146,616	1,163,318,506	1,092,146,616
- Appropriated for treasury stock reserve		-	18,926,720	-	18,926,720
- Unappropriated		11,155,936,584	10,171,102,085	7,602,835,794	6,231,643,158
Other components of shareholders' equity		16,645,984,221	14,572,679,556	-	-
Total shareholders' equity of the Company	_	48,316,228,970	45,205,844,636	28,117,143,959	26,693,706,153
Non - controlling interests		8,257,297,470	8,219,381,412	-	-
Total shareholders' equity		56,573,526,440	53,425,226,048	28,117,143,959	26,693,706,153
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		68,250,716,191	64,811,265,572	34,846,076,683	34,715,717,655
	=				

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

				(Unit : Baht)			
	_	Consolida	Consolidated Sepa				
		financial state	ements	financial states	nents		
	Notes	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Revenues from sales		1,055,063,877	957,891,285	49,535,607	42,372,607		
Revenues from rental and service	5.1	2,886,214,184	2,813,064,329	134,165,138	104,612,899		
Total revenues	_	3,941,278,061	3,770,955,614	183,700,745	146,985,506		
Costs of sales	_	(934,587,363)	(844,371,538)	(34,650,708)	(17,751,537)		
Costs of rental and services		(1,406,393,832)	(1,319,039,313)	(179,372,118)	(77,210,974)		
Total costs	_	(2,340,981,195)	(2,163,410,851)	(214,022,826)	(94,962,511)		
Gross profit (loss)	_	1,600,296,866	1,607,544,763	(30,322,081)	52,022,995		
Gain on revaluation of investment property		1,421,613,417	1,163,199,265	874,636,450	794,769,450		
Dividend income	5.1	-	-	41,658,000	22,907,970		
Other revenues	23	216,440,161	172,540,538	1,357,116,969	1,350,196,147		
Profit (loss) before expenses	_	3,238,350,444	2,943,284,566	2,243,089,338	2,219,896,562		
Selling expenses		(61,966,875)	(64,351,110)	(9,802,090)	(1,247,005)		
Administrative expenses	5.1	(1,090,340,984)	(870,007,271)	(314,230,282)	(226,571,820)		
Management benefit expense	26	(91,509,999)	(89,310,999)	(17,505,407)	(16,261,439)		
Unrealized loss for exchange rate		(81,474,088)	(20,398,555)	(81,474,088)	(20,398,555)		
Loss on pending lawsuits	30(b)	(24,140,276)	(25,598,176)	(24,140,276)	(25,598,176)		
Total expenses	_	(1,349,432,222)	(1,069,666,111)	(447,152,143)	(290,076,995)		
Profit (loss) from operating activities	_	1,888,918,222	1,873,618,455	1,795,937,195	1,929,819,567		
Finance costs		(138,289,646)	(103,764,282)	(49,297)	(138,656)		
Share of profit (loss) from investment in joint ventures		11,289,764	-	-	-		
Profit (loss) before income tax	=	1,761,918,340	1,769,854,173	1,795,887,898	1,929,680,911		
Income tax	25	(371,512,474)	(634,153,504)	(372,450,092)	(387,701,543)		
Profit (loss) for the year	=	1,390,405,866	1,135,700,669	1,423,437,806	1,541,979,368		
•	=						
Other comprehensive income (expense)							
Components of other comprehensive income							
that will not be reclassified to profit or loss subsequently		(5.051.267)	(5.454.662)		1 100 240		
Gains (loss) on revaluation of employee benefit		(5,051,367)	(5,454,662)	-	1,100,249		
Profit (loss) on revaluation of assets	_	2,069,381,847	(5.454.6(2))		1 100 240		
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year - net of tax	_	2,064,330,480	(5,454,662)	1 422 427 806	1,100,249		
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	=	3,454,736,346	1,130,246,007	1,423,437,806	1,543,079,617		
Profit (loss) attributable to :							
Owners of the parent		957,557,010	654,139,543	1,423,437,806	1,541,979,368		
Non - controlling interests		432,848,856	481,561,126	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
	_	1,390,405,866	1,135,700,669	1,423,437,806	1,541,979,368		
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	_	_		_	_		
attributable to :							
Owners of the parent		3,021,887,490	648,684,881	1,423,437,806	1,543,079,617		
Non - controlling interests		432,848,856	481,561,126	-			
Commoning moreon	_	3,454,736,346	1,130,246,007	1,423,437,806	1,543,079,617		
Earnings (loss) per share	=	5,151,750,540	-,130,210,007	1,123,137,000	1,5 15,077,017		
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht)	29	0.055	0.038	0.082	0.089		
Dane carnings (1955) per snare (Dane)	29	0.055	0.038	0.062	0.089		

(2024 : 17,353 million shares) (2023 : 17,353 million shares)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

																(Unit : Baht)
								(Consolidated financial	tatements						
						Retained earning	s			Other components of	shareholders' equit	у				
										Net book value of		Gains (losses) on	Total other	Total equity		
		Issued and				Appropriated		Currency		subsidiaries exceed	Change in	remeasurements of	components of	attributable to	Non -	
	Notes	paid - up		Premium on	Appropriated	for treasury		translation	Surplus on	investment as of	shareholding in	defined benefit	shareholders'	owner's of	controlling	
	Notes	share capital	Treasury stock	share capital	for legal reserve	stock reserve	Unappropriated	differences	revaluation of assets	purchasing date	subsidiaries	plans	equity	the parent	interests	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2022		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	1,015,047,648	18,926,720	10,039,126,986	1,414,918	11,395,478,247	28,184,195	2,814,562,640	-	14,239,640,000	44,663,731,013	8,115,432,675	52,779,163,688
Dividends payment		-	-	-	-	-	(520,550,179)	-		-	-	-	-	(520,550,179)	(377,612,389)	(898,162,568)
Appropriated for legal reserve		-	-	-	77,098,968	-	(77,098,968)	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfered to retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	(5,454,662)	-		-	-	5,454,662	5,454,662	-	-	-
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	654,139,543	-		-	-	(5,454,662)	(5,454,662)	648,684,881	481,561,126	1,130,246,007
Profit (loss) on revaluation of assets			-	-	-	-	-	-	413,978,921	-	-	-	413,978,921	413,978,921	-	413,978,921
Depreciation on surplus on revuluation of assets		-	-	-	-	-	80,939,365	-	(80,939,365)	-	-	-	(80,939,365)	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	1,092,146,616	18,926,720	10,171,102,085	1,414,918	11,728,517,803	28,184,195	2,814,562,640	-	14,572,679,556	45,205,844,636	8,219,381,412	53,425,226,048
Changes in the proportion of interests in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	88,496,844	-	88,496,844	88,496,844	40,503,156	129,000,000
Treasury stock	21	-	18,926,720	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	18,926,720	-	18,926,720
Reversal of appropriated retained earnings for treasury shares	21	-	-	-	-	(18,926,720)	18,926,720	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reduction of paid-up share capital by writing off treasury shares	21	(21,775,900)	-	2,849,180	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	(18,926,720)	-	(18,926,720)
Dividends payment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	(435,435,954)	(435,435,954)
Appropriated for legal reserve	22		-	-	71,171,890	-	(71,171,890)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfered to retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	(5,051,367)	-		-	-	5,051,367	5,051,367	-	-	-
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	957,557,010	-		-	-	(5,051,367)	(5,051,367)	952,505,643	432,848,856	1,385,354,499
Profit (loss) on revaluation of assets	12	-		-	-	-	-	-	2,069,381,847	-			2,069,381,847	2,069,381,847	-	2,069,381,847
Depreciation on surplus on revuluation of assets		-	-		-	-	84,574,026	-	(84,574,026)				(84,574,026)	-		-
Balance as at March 31, 2024		17,352,625,154		1,998,364,505	1,163,318,506		11,155,936,584	1,414,918	13,713,325,624	28,184,195	2,903,059,484		16,645,984,221	48,316,228,970	8,257,297,470	56,573,526,440

										(Unit : Baht)
		-				Separate financial statem	nents			
						Retained earnings		Other components o	f shareholders' equity	
								Gains (losses) on		
		Issued and paid - up		Premium on share	Appropriated for	Appropriated for		remeasurements of	Total other components	
	Notes	share capital	Treasury stock	capital	legal reserve	treasury stock reserve	Unappropriated	defined benefit plans	of shareholders' equity	Total
										·
Balance as at April 1, 2022		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	1,015,047,648	18,926,720	5,286,212,688		-	25,671,176,715
Dividends payment		-	-	-	-	-	(520,550,179)		-	(520,550,179)
Appropriated for legal reserve		-	-	-	77,098,968	-	(77,098,968)	-	-	-
Transfered to retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	1,100,249	(1,100,249)	(1,100,249)	-
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year			-	-	-		1,541,979,368	1,100,249	1,100,249	1,543,079,617
Balance as at March 31, 2023		17,374,401,054	(18,926,720)	1,995,515,325	1,092,146,616	18,926,720	6,231,643,158	-	-	26,693,706,153
Treasury stock	21	-	18,926,720	-	-	-	-		-	18,926,720
Transfer back retained earnings allocated for treasury shares	21	-	-	-	-	(18,926,720)	18,926,720	-	-	-
Reduce paid - up capital by writing off treasury shares	21	(21,775,900)	-	2,849,180	-	-	-		-	(18,926,720)
Appropriated for legal reserve	22	-	-	-	71,171,890	-	(71,171,890)		-	-
Comprehensive income (expense) for the year			-	-			1,423,437,806	-	-	1,423,437,806
Balance as at March 31, 2024		17,352,625,154	-	1,998,364,505	1,163,318,506		7,602,835,794		-	28,117,143,959

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(Unit : Baht)

	Compali	1.4.1	Separate (Ont : Bant)			
	Consoli		•			
	financial sta		financial sta			
CACHEN AND TRANSPORTED TO A CONTINUE OF	2024	2023	2024	2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1.5(1.010.240	1.500.054.153	1 505 005 000	1 020 (00 011		
Profit (loss) before income tax expense	1,761,918,340	1,769,854,173	1,795,887,898	1,929,680,911		
Adjustment for:						
Finance cost	138,289,646	103,764,282	49,297	138,656		
Interest income	(32,367,866)	(18,446,712)	(7,785,413)	(8,346,315)		
Trade and other current receivables (increase) decrease	37,629,434	(84,632,526)	19,368,231	(38,354,760)		
Inventories (increase) decrease	(277,764,039)	(440,682,294)	27,401,476	13,983,878		
Other current assets (increase) decrease	(613,747)	(24,358,502)	11,389,607	(11,653,953)		
Other non - current assets (increase) decrease	(370,821,443)	(686,877,590)	(334,352,359)	(699,169,641)		
Trade and other current payables increase (decrease)	1,231,518	154,494,263	(133,210,069)	(367,106,913)		
Current contract liabilities increase (decrease)	104,761,911	39,374,542	338,627	(4,724,523)		
Other current liabilities increase (decrease)	(26,524,721)	18,717,047	(4,588,706)	18,524,883		
Non - current contract liabilities increase (decrease)	(5,929,868)	(2,218,645)	(5,929,868)	(2,218,645)		
Other non - current liabilities increase (decrease)	(7,964,892)	(929,708)	-	-		
Depreciation and amortization	661,694,401	604,973,719	127,906,244	93,096,824		
Provisions for employee benefit	14,654,529	11,179,374	667,185	67,655		
Provision for loss on pending lawsuits	24,140,276	25,598,176	24,140,276	25,598,176		
Unrealized (gain) loss from exchange rate	81,474,088	20,398,555	81,474,088	20,398,555		
Amortization of with holding tax	48,640	7,487,595	-	-		
(Reverse) loss in impairment of assets	26,887,359	-	-	-		
(Profit) loss on sale and write off of fixed assets	(323,476)	5,732,616	42,796	269		
(Gain) loss on revaluation of investment property	(1,421,613,417)	(1,163,199,265)	(874,636,450)	(794,769,450)		
(Profit) loss on sale of investment property	-	(15,027,500)	-	-		
(Reverse) expected credit loss	(16,492,618)	(4,733,951)	(630,900)	(1,531,140)		
(Gain) loss for give on debt forgiveness from subsidiary	-	-	(1,340,000,000)	(1,340,000,000)		
Adjustment with other income from the reduction of lease liabilities	(74,501)	1,522,216	-	-		
Share of (profit) loss from investments in associate	(11,289,764)	-	-	-		
Total adjusments to reconcile profit (loss)	(1,080,968,550)	(1,447,864,308)	(2,408,355,938)	(3,096,066,444)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	680,949,790	321,989,865	(612,468,040)	(1,166,385,533)		
Dividend income	-	-	(41,658,000)	(22,907,970)		
Cash recieved from refundable withholding tax	37,741,194	17,758,240	-	-		
Income tax paid	(302,006,486)	(333,970,872)	(231,715,908)	(213,481,561)		
Cash paid for employee benefits	(6,838,863)	(10,512,598)	(1,106,566)	(1,643,266)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	409,845,635	(4,735,365)	(886,948,514)	(1,404,418,330)		

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Unit		

	Consolie	dated	Separate		
	financial sta		financial sta		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from interest income received	32,367,866	18,446,712	6,794,801	9,471,932	
Proceeds from sale of investments in subsidiaries	129,000,000	-	-	-	
Other current financial assets (increase) decrease	701,727,613	(1,461,590,464)	490,933,565	(2,449,423)	
Proceeds from dividend income	-	-	41,658,000	22,907,970	
Cash paid for loans to related parties	-	-	(32,989,876)	-	
Proceeds from loans to related parties	-	-	491,054,214	365,000,000	
Cash received from sale of fixed assets	400,882	5,417,222	-	-	
Cash paid for purchase of investments in associate	(160,525,000)	-	-	-	
Cash received from sale of investment property	-	155,687,500	-	-	
Cash paid for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(221,102,538)	(366,534,729)	(36,621,613)	(252,634,333)	
Cash paid for purchase of investment property	(1,945,000)	(1,070,000)	-	(1,070,000)	
Net cash provied by (use in) investing activities	479,923,823	(1,649,643,759)	960,829,091	141,226,146	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash paid for long - term loans	-	(1,872,000,000)	-	-	
Cash received from long - term loans	-	1,860,000,000	-	-	
Cash paid for lease liabilities	(16,343,425)	(20,215,593)	(2,946,029)	(1,767,618)	
Dividend payment of subsidiaries	(435,435,954)	(377,612,389)	-	-	
Dividend payment	-	(520,550,179)	-	(520,550,179)	
Cash paid for interest expense	(135,253,717)	(101,923,487)	-	-	
Net cash provied by (used in) financing activities	(587,033,096)	(1,032,301,648)	(2,946,029)	(522,317,797)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	302,736,362	(2,686,680,772)	70,934,548	(1,785,509,981)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	1,537,760,182	4,224,440,954	248,413,148	2,033,923,129	
Cash and cash equivalents at ending of the year	1,840,496,544	1,537,760,182	319,347,696	248,413,148	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

				(Unit : Baht)		
	Consoli	dated	Separa	te		
	financial st	atements	financial stat	financial statements		
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information :						
1. Cash and cash equivalents comprised of:						
Cash on hand	19,424,568	28,379,848	1,807,408	1,856,822		
Undeposited cheques	848,136	30,000,000	-	-		
Saving accounts	1,765,610,273	1,417,213,351	298,136,294	225,122,884		
Current account	42,153,209	49,647,015	17,875,305	19,917,152		
Fixed deposits	12,460,358	12,519,968	1,528,689	1,516,290		
Total	1,840,496,544	1,537,760,182	319,347,696	248,413,148		
2. Non - cash transactions						
2.1 Cash paid for purchase of property, plants and equipment set of	off					
from construction payable	-	17,180,927	-	12,980,548		
2.2 Advance proceeds from disposal of investment property	-	10,000,000	-	-		
2.3 Transfer investment property to property, plants and equipmen	9,810,000	-	9,810,000	-		
2.4 Transfer plants and equipment to other current assets	7,135,250	-	7,135,250	-		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

1. Company information

Bangkok Land Public Company Limited ("the Company") is incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The Company is listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

The address of its registered office is 47/569 - 576 Moo 3, 10th Floor, New Geneva Industry Condominium, Popular 3 Road, Tambol Bannmai, Amphur Pakkred, Nonthaburi.

The principal business of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") comprise of real estate development, exhibition and convention, food and beverage, investment in hotel and education.

2. Basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statement

a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiaries and joint ventures ("the Subsidiaries") (collectively as "the Group"):

	_	Percentage of holding	
	Principal business	2024	2023
Direct investment :			
Impact Exhibition Management	Exhibition convention &		
Company Limited	hotel	100.00	100.00
Sinpornchai Company Limited	Property development	100.00	100.00
Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands)			
Company Limited	Financing	100.00	100.00
Muang Thong Services and	Project management		
Management Company Limited	service	97.00	97.00
Muang Thong Building Services	Building maintenance		
Company Limited	service	97.00	97.00
Spooner Limited	Dormant	100.00	100.00
Direct and indirect investment:			
Bangkok Land Agency Company Limited	Property renting	99.30	99.30
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	Property development	100.00	100.00
RMI Company Limited	REIT manager	100.00	100.00
Impact Growth Real Estate Investment Trust	Real Estate Investment Trust	49.33	50.00
Associate:			
Expolink Global Network Company Limited	Organization of trade shows	50.83	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

- b) The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries or joint ventures if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- f) Non controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated income statement, the consolidated comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- g) The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries and associates under the cost method.

Except for the Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited, which is incorporated in Cayman Islands, and Spooner Limited, which is incorporated in Hong Kong, all subsidiaries are incorporated in Thailand.

The Board of Directors Meeting No. 1/2022 held on November 23, 2022 of the subsidiary has approved the investment in the Expolink Global Network Limited ("Expolink") with 10 million units of IMPACT Growth Real Estate Investment Trust, representing 0.67% of the total registered capital. A par value of Baht 10 per units, the closing price on the transfer date was Baht 12.90 per units, and the subsidiary transferred the said shares on April 3, 2023, resulting in the shareholding in the subsidiary. (IMPACT GROWTH Real Estate Investment Trust) changed from 50% to 49.33% The subsidiary still has control over that company. The Company recorded the difference from the change in shareholding in the amount of Baht 88.50 million in the account "Change in shareholding in subsidiaries" is presented under equity in the consolidated financial statements.

3. Basis for preparation of the financial statements and significant accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statement

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai generally accepted accounting principles under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543, being those Thai Financial Reporting Standards issued under the Accounting Profession Act B.E. 2547, and the financial reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities and Exchange Act.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Thai generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

An English version of the financial statements has been prepared from the statutory financial statements that are in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language statutory financial statements shall prevail.

3.2 New financial reporting standards

3.2.1 New financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2023. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.2.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2024

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2024. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.3 Significant accounting policies

3.3.1 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies throughout the periods are recorded in Baht at rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Outstanding assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the statements of financial position statements of financial position date are translated into Baht at the prevailing bank rates as of that date. Gains and losses arising from the translations are credited or charged to current operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

3.3.2 Revenue recognition

Property development business

Revenues from sales of land and houses and sales of residential condominium are recognized at a point in time as income when ownership of the asset has been transferred to the buyer.

Retail business

Sales of goods are recognized at a point in time as income when the company has transfered the control of the goods of ownership have passed to the customers, with revenue being recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods. Sales are the invoiced value, excluding value added tax, of goods supplied after deducting discounts.

Property rental business

Rental income is recognized on an accrual basis by the straight - line method over the term of the lease.

Revenue from hotel business

Revenue from hotel operations, mainly comprises room revenues, food and beverage sales and revenue from auxiliary activities. Room revenues are recognized over time as the services are provided when the rooms are occupied. Food and beverage sales and revenue from auxiliary activities are recognized at a point in time when food and beverages are sold and the services are rendered.

Tuition and education fees

Tuition fees and canteen income are recognized as income based on duration of the school term.

Services business

Services income is recognized when the service has been provided to customers by considering the success stage of the work in determining the timing of delivery of controls to assess whether income is recognized at certain times or over a period of time.

Barter income arises from the exchange of different goods or service for other goods or service, which is recognized at fair value of those goods or service in exchange.

Interest is recognized on a time proportion basis, taking into account the effective interest rate of the period up to the expiration date and taking into account the principal amount which is the balance in the account for recording the accrued interest of the Company.

Dividend incomes are recognized when the company has the right to receive dividends.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

3.3.3 Real estate development cost

Real estate development cost is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs include cost of land, land development, construction costs, infrastructure, project management fee and related borrowing cost.

Infrastructure for public use is depreciated on a straight line method over 20 years, and such depreciation is charged to cost of sales.

3.3.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks and deposits at financial institutions with original maturity of three months or less.

Cash restricted in use is shown as other non - current assets.

3.3.5 Trade receivables

Accounts receivable are presented at net realizable value.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at its present value.

The Group measuring expected credit losses which uses a simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on the days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles and the corresponding historical credit losses which are adjusted to reflect, the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors. The impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss within administrative expenses.

3.3.6 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recorded at cost net of allowance for decline in value (if any).

3.3.7 Investment in associate

Investments in associates in the financial statements are recorded by using the equity method.

3.3.8 Investment property

Investment property comprises land held for capital appreciation rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business. Investment property is stated at fair value, representing open market value determined by independent valuation and the Group's directors. Changes in the fair value of investment property, net of deferred income tax, is included in the statement of comprehensive income for the period in which it arises.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

Fair value is determined using open market value determined by independent valuers who are approved by the Stock

Exchange of Thailand.

3.3.9 Property, plants and equipment

Land are stated at revalue amount (market approach) less provision for impairment of assets (if any). Buildings are

stated at the revalued amount (replacement cost approach) less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment

of assets (if any). Equipment is stated at cost less relevant accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment of

assets (if any).

Revaluations are performed by independent professional appraisers, which the Company has the policy for the independent

professional appraisers will be requested to perform the appraisal for the said assets at sufficient regularity to ensure

that the book value of these assets does not differ materially from their fair values at the balance sheet date. Increase

from appraisal value will be recorded in the shareholders' equity under "Surplus on revaluation of assets", and

decrease from cost recorded as loss from decrease in revaluation of assets in the statements of comprehensive income.

Increase in revaluation of building and machines will be amortized in accordance to the remaining useful life of those

assets.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line method to write off the cost of each asset, except for land which is

considered to have an indefinite life, to its residual value over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Exhibition Hall and Convention Centers - structure

27 - 50 years

Exhibition Hall and Convention Centers - building improvement

12 - 20 years

Buildings and other constructions

5 - 50 years

Other fixed assets

3 - 10 years

The depreciation as calculated above are recorded as follows:

- The depreciation for those calculated from the cost value is included in the calculation of the operating result.

The depreciation for the revaluation surplus is written off to the surplus on revaluation of assets in the shareholders' equity.

When an asset is retired, the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are written off from the accounts, and any

gain or loss from retirement of the asset is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

3.3.10 Leases

Lease - where the Group is the lessee

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short - term leases and leases of low - value assets. At the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use), the Group recognises right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets and lease liabilities based on lease payments.

a) Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised through initial measurement, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received.

b) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification or reassessment.

c) Short - term leases and Leases of low - value assets

Payments under leases that, have a lease term of 12 months or less at the commencement date, or are leases of low - value assets, are recognised as expenses on a straight - line basis over the lease term.

Leases - where the Group is the lessor

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to a lessee is classified as finance leases. As at the commencement date, an asset held under a finance lease is recognised as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease or the present value of the lease payments receivable and any unguaranteed residual value. Subsequently, finance income is recognised over the lease term to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to a lessee. Lease receivables from operating leases is recognised as income in profit or loss on a straight - line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying assets and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

3.3.11 Impairment of non financial assets

The Group have determined the impairment of assets if there is indicator that the carrying amount of asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

In case that the book value of an asset exceeds its net realizable value, the Group will recognize as impairment loss in the statements of income for the period. The Group will reverse the impairment loss whenever there is an indication that there is no longer impairment or reduction in impairment.

3.3.12 Employee benefits

Short - term employee benefits

The Group are recognized salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund as expenses when incurred.

Post - employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group contributions are recognized as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans

The Group have obligations in respect of the severance payments it must make to employees upon retirement under labor law. The treat these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from post - employment benefits are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

Past service costs are recognised in the income statement on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date that the Group recognises restructuring - related costs.

The defined benefit obligations are measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that is similar to the interest rate on government bond.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

3.3.13 Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. The Group believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretations of tax law and prior experience. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgments about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously. A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

3.3.14 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the statement of financial position date including assets and liabilities of a foreign subsidiary which is identified as a part of the Company's operation are translated into Baht at the exchange rates ruling at that date. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

3.3.15 Financial instruments

The Group initially measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. However, trade receivables, that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price as disclosed in the accounting policy relating to trade receivables.

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), and fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Opened Fund and derivative measured at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Except for derivative liabilities, at initial recognition the Group's financial liabilities are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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In determining amortised cost, the Company takes into account any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group measures expected credit losses (ECLs) that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months. For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. It is based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward - looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. Impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss under the account. "Administrative expenses"

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.3.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

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3.3.17 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group apply a quoted market price in an active market to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measure fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

Level 1: Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determine whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

4. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles at times requires management to make subjective judgments and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ. The significant accounting judgments and estimates are as follows:

Impairment of assets

The Group performs impairment reviews in respect of assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. The Group determines the devaluation of such assets based on net realizable value. The determination of what is devaluation requires the management to exercise judgment.

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Allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables

In determining an allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables, the management needs to make judgement and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the forecast economic condition for groupings of various customer segments with similar credit risks. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast economic conditions may also not be representative of whether a customer will actually default in the future.

Impairment of investments

The Group treats investments as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgment.

Depreciation

In calculating depreciation of plant and equipment, the management estimates useful lives and salvage values of the plant and equipment and reviews estimated useful lives and salvage values if there are any changes.

Post - employment benefits under defined benefit plans

The post - employment benefits and other long - term employee benefit liabilities are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions such as discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and staff turnover rates. Due to the long - term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

Litigation

The Group has contingent liabilities as a result of litigation. The Group's management has used judgement to assess the results of the litigation and believes that the provision made would be sufficient. However, actual results could differ from the estimates.

All other estimates are further detailed in the corresponding disclosures.

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5. Transactions with related parties

5.1 Significant transactions with related parties

Portion of revenues and expenses arose from transactions with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are summarized as follows:

				(Unit:	Million Baht)	
		Consol	idated	Separate		
	Pricing	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
	policy	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Income						
Interest income:	(1)					
Subsidiaries				1		
	(2)					
Rental and service income:	(2)					
Subsidiaries				12	11	
Dividend income:	(4)					
Subsidiaries				42	23	
Expense						
Rental and service expense:	(3)					
Subsidiaries				67	5	
Management fee:	(2)					
Subsidiaries				34	34	

Pricing policy

- (1) Fixed deposit interest rates of financial institutions
- (2) Actual paid
- (3) Price of area
- (4) Right to receive dividend

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5.3

5.2 Advances and other receivables from related parties - net

The balances of advance and other receivables from related parties as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

			(Unit:	Million Baht)	
	Consol	idated	Sepa	rate	
	financial st	atements	financial statements		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Accrued income :					
Subsidiaries	-	-	13	10	
Advance deposit and other receivables :					
Subsidiaries	-	-	239	253	
Interest receivables :					
Subsidiaries			2,753	2,787	
Total advances and other receivables from related					
parties - net		-	3,005	3,050	
Investment in loans					
				Million Baht)	
	Consol		Sepa		
	financial st		financial st		
Subsidiaries	2024	2023	2024 475	2023	
Substituaries					
Investment in loans comprised of:					
			(Unit	: Million Baht	
Receivable per original agreement				965	
Deferred income				(490)	
Investment in loans				475	

As at February 20, 2009, a subsidiary owed Baht 965 million (divided into principal of Baht 444 million and accrued interest of Baht 521 million) to a financial institution. On the same date, the Company acquired the rights of claim on this debt from the financial institution at a price of Baht 475 million. The Company expects to recover the total full from the subsidiary.

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Subsidiaries

5.4 Short - term loans to related parties - net

Short - term loans to related parties as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

		(OIII	. Million Dant)	
Consolidated		Separate		
financial statements		financial statements		
2024	2023	2024 202		
-	-	2,623	3,107	

(Unit : Million Raht)

Loans to related parties carry interest at fixed deposit interest rates of financial institutions. The loans are unsecured and have no fixed repayment dates.

On August 17, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with a debtor of a subsidiary - Bangkok Airport Industry Co., Ltd. The subsidiary receivable has outstanding debts as of June 30, 2021 consisting of accrued service charges of Baht 25.76 million, deposits received in advance of Baht 225.16 million and debts including accrued interest of Baht 7,112.81 million, total all debts amount Baht 7,363.73 million. Requires that the subsidiary receivable has to pay annually in the amount of not less than Baht 150 million per year. If the economic situation in the future does not cause liquidity, both parties agree to enter into an agreement to reduce the amount as agreed upon by both parties. Including the Company has agreed to stop calculating new interest from the outstanding principal amount of Baht 4,006.93 million since July 1, 2021.

5.5 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities to related parties

	(Unit : Million Baht) Separate financial statements		
	2024	2023	
Right-of-use assets:			
Subsidiaries:			
Net book value as at April 1,	2	4	
Add Increase and Lease modification	7	-	
<u>Less</u> Depreciation for the year	(2)	(2)	
Net book value as at March 31,	7	2	

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	((Unit : Million Baht) Separate financial statements		
	Separate financial			
	2024	2023		
Lease liabilities:				
Subsidiaries:				
Lease liabilities	8	2		
<u>Less</u> Deferred interest expense	(1)	-		
Total	7	2		
Less Current portion	(2)	(2)		
Lease liabilities - net	5	-		

As at March 31, 2024, the Company has contracts affecting to record right of use assets as follows:

The company has an office rental lease with a related company. The contract has a period beginning April 1, 2024 to expire on March 31, 2027. Monthly rent is Baht 0.22 million per month.

5.6 Payables to related parties

The balances of payables to related parties as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows :

	(Unit : Million Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Accrued management fee:				
Subsidiaries	-	-	63	181
Advance and payables:				
Subsidiaries	-	-	132	144
Associate	1			_
	1		195	325

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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5.7 Long - term loans from related parties

Long - term loans from related parties as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, comprise of:

		(Unit : Million Baht)
	Separate financi	al statements
	2024	2023
Subsidiaries	3,850	5,250

The Company established a wholly - owned subsidiary, Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited (BL Cayman), in October 1992 with a registered capital of USD 10,000. BL Cayman issued exchangeable notes in foreign capital markets, guaranteed by the Company and the entire proceeds of the notes were lent to the Company on equivalent financial terms.

The Company entered into a loan agreement with BL Cayman on October 13, 1993, whereas in the event that the Company should have failed to meet its payment obligation which would have caused BL Cayman not able to make its payment to the note holders, the Company agreed to pay BL Cayman a penalty interest of 1% above the normal interest rate per annum on the amount due by the Company. However, no claim has been made against the Company. The Company therefore has not accounted for the penalty interest in its financial statements.

On March 28, 2016, the Company entered into agreement with BL Cayman that both parties agreed to acknowledge the debt and amend the terms and conditions. Outstanding debt as at December 31, 2015 was Baht 14,189 million (comprise of principal of Baht 4,619 million and accrued interest of Baht 9,570 million) which the BL Cayman agreed to waive accrued interest of Baht 189 million and the remaining amount of Baht 14,000 million was changed to be a principal with no interest charging since January 1, 2016 onwards. The Company recognized a gain on debt forgiveness as other income in the statement of comprehensive income for the year end March 31, 2016.

On March 30, 2016, the BL Cayman entered into agreement with Sinpornchai Company Limited that BL Cayman agreed to sell debt with BLAND amounting to Baht 14,000 million to Sinpornchai Company Limited at the price of Baht 200 million.

On March 31, 2017, the Company entered into a debt restructuring agreement with Sinpornchai Company Limited. The Company agreed to pay the unpaid amount of Baht 14,000 million to Sinpornchai Company Limited by offsetting the total amount of Baht 600 million (consisting of a principal of Baht 400 million and accrued interest of Baht 200 million, the Company has ceased to charge interest on the outstanding principal of Baht 400 million since April 1, 2017). Subsequently, make a deduction from the outstanding interest. Details are as follows:

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	(Unit : Million Baht)				
	Debt that the subsidiary				
Year	Principle	Interest	Total	Company gave up	
2017	15	-	15	335	
2018	60	-	60	1,340	
2019	60	-	60	1,340	
2020	60	-	60	1,340	
2021	60	-	60	1,340	
2022	60	-	60	1,340	
2023	60	-	60	1,340	
2024	25	35	60	1,340	
2025	-	60	60	1,340	
2026	-	60	60	1,340	
2027		45	45	1,005	
	400	200	600	13,400	

The Company has recognized the gain from debt repayment of Baht 1,340 million to other income in the statement of income for the year ended March 31, 2024.

Maturity of long - term loans from related parties are as follows :

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements		
	2024	2023	
thin 1 year	1,400	1,400	
er 1 years	2,450	3,850	
tal	3,850	5,250	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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6. Trade and other current receivables - net

Trade receivable and other current receivable as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	(Unit : Million B			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial sta	tements	financial statements	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Trade receivables	249	279	26	31
<u>Less</u> Expected credit loss	(130)	(147)	(25)	(25)
Trade receivables - net	119	132	1	6
Advances and other receivables from related				
parties (Note 5.2)	-	-	3,005	3,050
Investment in loans to related parties (Note 5.3)	-	-	475	475
Prepaid expenses	36	29	10	10
Revenue department receivables	4	6	4	6
Accrued income	13	23	3	-
Other current receivables - net	38	41	1	5
Total trade and other current receivables - net	210	231	3,499	3,552
The aging of trade receivables are as follows:				
Not over 3 months	104	95	1	6
3 - 6 months	6	15	-	-
6 - 12 months	4	21	-	-
Over 12 months	135	148	25	25
Total	249	279	26	31

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7. Inventories

Inventories as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, comprises:

			(Unit	: Million Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial stat	ements	financial statements	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land	15,461	15,461	14,636	14,636
Construction in progress	20,002	19,697	8,731	8,731
Infrastructure cost - areas for sale	1,740	1,740	1,529	1,529
- public areas	2,127	2,127	2,127	2,127
Project management fee	993	993	483	483
Borrowing costs	3,969	3,969	1,346	1,346
Other related costs	1,339	1,336	919	916
Transfer to property, plants and equipment	(10)	-	(10)	
	45,621	45,323	29,761	29,768
Less: Transfer to cost of sales to date				
- Cost of sales	(39,305)	(39,271)	(26,257)	(26,223)
- Accumulated depreciation of public				
area infrastructure	(1,782)	(1,714)	(1,782)	(1,714)
- Allowance for net realizable value				
Discounts	(2,182)	(2,187)	(498)	(503)
Total Real estate development costs - net	2,352	2,151	1,224	1,328
Less: Real estate development cost				
classified as current assets	(1,598)	(1,343)	(470)	(520)
Net (Note 14)	754	808	754	808

Part of the land and condominium units have been mortgaged with banks as collateral for letter of guarantee for the Group and have been pledged as collateral with the Courts (Note 30(b)). The mortgaged land and condominium units, as a percentage of the total land areas/total units, is as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
_				
_	2024	2023	2024	2023
Percentage of land mortgaged	2.57	2.57	2.37	2.37
Percentage of condominium units mortgaged	53.13	45.95	56.83	48.82

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8. Other current financial assets

			(Unit:	Million Baht)	
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial sta	atements	financial statements		
	2024 2023		2024	2023	
Debt instruments at amortised cost					
Fixed deposits with maturity date					
due more than 3 months	1,087	1,905	15	506	
Debt instruments measured at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Unit trusts of open - ended fund	757	641	1	1	
Total	1,844	2,546	16	507	

As at March 31, 2024, Investments in unit trusts of open - ended fund are stated at fair value using inputs of level 2 which is use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly. Such fair value of investments in unit trusts has been determined by using the net asset value.

9. Investment in subsidiaries

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, investment in subsidiaries comprise of:

	Separate financial statements							
	Million	Baht			Millio	n Baht	Million	Baht
	Paid - up sh	are capital	Percentage of	of holding	At cost		Dividend for the year	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Investment in subsidiaries								
Impact Exhibition Management								
Company Limited	12,953	12,953	100	100	9,848	9,848	-	-
Sinpornchai Company Limited	1,180	1,180	100	100	1,180	1,180	-	-
Muang Thong Building								
Services Company Limited	12	12	97	97	15	15	-	-
Muang Thong Services and								
Management Company Limited	25	25	97	97	10	10	-	-
Bangkok Land Agency Company Limited	100	100	99	99	81	81	42	23
Bangkok Airport Industry Company Limited	5,320	5,320	60	60	3	3	-	-
Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands)	USD	USD						
Company Limited	0.01	0.01	100	100	-	-	-	-
Spooner Limited	-	-	100	100				
Total					11,137	11,137	42	23

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Details of non - wholly owned subsidiaries which have material non - controlling interests as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

					(Unit : Million Baht)			
	Proportion of equity interest held by			ed balance of		located to non -	•	oaid to non -
		ling interests	interests		the year		year	
	2024	2023						
Company's name	(Percentage)	(Percentage)	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Impact Growth Real								
Estate Investment Trust	50.67	50.00	8,257	8,150	433	481	435	378

The summarized financial information before intragroup eliminations of each non-wholly owned subsidiary which has material non - controlling interests, are as follows:

	(Unit : Million Baht)				
	Impact Growth Real Esta	Impact Growth Real Estate Investment Trust			
	2024	2023			
Statement of financial position					
Total assets	20,711	20,602			
Total liabilities	(4,416)	(4,302)			
Net assets	16,295	16,300			
Carrying amount of non - controlling interest	8,257	8,150			
Statement of comprehensive income					
Total Revenues	1,773	1,791			
Net profit for the years	854	963			
Gain allocated to non - controlling interest for the year	433	481			
statement of cash flows					
Dividends paid to non - controlling interests	435	378			
Cash flows provided by operating activities	951	925			
Cash flows provided by financing activities	(994)	(868)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash flows	(43)	57			

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10. Investment in associate

Investment in associate as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

		(Unit : Million Baht)						
		Consolidated						
			fi	nancial statement	S			
	Principal	Paid - up						
Company	business	share (share)	Investment	proportion	Equity 1	nethod		
			March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,		
			2024	2023	2024	2023		
			(Percentage)	(Percentage)				
Expolink Global								
Network Company	Organization of							
Limited	trade shows	600,000	50.83	-	213	-		

The Board of Directors Meeting of subsidiary No. 1/2022 on November 23, 2022, passed a resolution approved the investment in the Expolink Global Network Limited ("Expolink") by the purchase shares of Expolink in a total of 152,500 shares. A par value of Baht 10 per share, which is equivalent to 50.83 percent of the total shares of Expolink, with a total investment value of Baht 200 million.

By paying for shares as follows:

- 1. Pay by cash in the amount of Baht 30 million and the remaining amount of Baht 170 million, paid by.
- 2. 10 million IMPACT Growth Real Estate Investment Trust Units as if the trust units were worth Baht 17 per share if the 60 day weighted average closing price of such trust units on the last day of the period 12 months after the completion date of the share purchase with a value of less than Baht 17 per unit and April 2024, the shortfall was paid in cash so that the value of the share purchase is not less than Baht 200 million.

Subsequently, on April 3, 2023, the subsidiary has already paid for the shares and received the transfer of shares with the closing price on the date of share transfer at the par value of Baht 12.90 per share and related expenses amounting to Baht 1 million.

Because the subsidiary has joint control therefore considered as an investment in associate.

The subsidiary has calculated the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and allocated the cost of business combination at the acquisition date finished the independent expert appraiser concluded that there was no material change after calculating the fair value.

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The Board of Directors Meeting of subsidiary No. 4/2023 on December 7, 2023, passed a resolution approved the investment in the Expolink Global Network Limited ("Expolink") from the registered capital of Baht 3 million to Baht 6 million. Issued 300,000 ordinary shares at a price of Baht 10 per share, totaling Baht 3 million. Expolink was registered on December 21, 2023, and the company paid for the full amount.

	(Unit : Million Baht)	
	Consolidated	
	financial statement	
	Carrying amounts based on equity method	
Balance as at April 1, 2023	-	
Increase (decrease)	202	
Share of profit from investments in associate	11	
Balance as at March 31, 2024	213	

11. Investment property

During the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 the movements of investment property are as follows:

	(Unit : Million Baht)						
	Consolid	lated	Separate				
	financial sta	tements	financial statements				
	2024 2023		2024	2023			
Appraised value							
Beginning balance	41,840	40,826	13,254	12,458			
Increase	2	1	-	1			
Gain on revaluation	1,422	1,163	875	795			
Disposal from investment property		(150)					
Ending balance	43,264	41,840	14,129	13,254			

(I I...:4 . M:11: D.1.4)

Investment property is stated at fair value based on the latest appraised value (market approach) of independent valuers e.g. the land and buildings of the exhibition center (Hall 5 - 12) and IMPACT Convention Center and building for rent were valued by income approach (level 3) and the land and land held for project for rent were valued by market approach (level 2).

The Group has mortgaged part of its land as collateral for court cases filed by the land group (Note 30(b)).

The Executive board meeting on November 15, 2021, has approved to classify the land and buildings of a subsidiary as inventory because of the project development plan to dispose. The Group transfer investment property into the inventory account with fair value and approved to classify the Company's land as property, plant, and equipment because of the project development plan to a cooking school. The Group transfer investment property into the property, plant and equipment account with fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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12. Property, plants and equipment - net

During the year ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 the Group have the movements of property, plants and equipment are as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements (In Million Baht)							
		Buildings Impact Hall Impact Furniture							
		and other	interior	Hall	Buildings	and	Motor	Construction	
	Land	construction	systems	structure	improvements	fixtures	vehicles	in progress	Total
At cost									
As at March 31, 2023	1,102	371	4,802	3,450	513	1,879	115	168	12,400
Increase	-	27	44	-	1	101	4	44	221
Decrease	-	-	(7)	-	-	(19)	-	-	(26)
Transfer in (Transfer out)		10	5			(13)		(5)	(3)
As at March 31, 2024	1,102	408	4,844	3,450	514	1,948	119	207	12,592
Accumulated depreciation									
As at March 31, 2023	-	132	3,467	1,016	276	1,510	114	-	6,515
Increase	-	17	219	88	19	106	2	-	451
Decrease	-	-	(7)	-	-	(19)	-	-	(26)
Transfer in (Transfer out)						(6)			(6)
As at March 31, 2024		149	3,679	1,104	295	1,591	116		6,934
Differences on revaluation of asse	<u>ets</u>								
As at March 31, 2023	5,616	43	1,650	2,403	-	-	-	-	9,712
Increase	465	-	900	704	-	-	-	-	2,069
Decrease									
As at March 31, 2024	6,081	43	2,550	3,107					11,781
Accumulated depreciation - differ	rences on reval	uation of assets							
As at March 31, 2023	-	39	312	473	-	-	-	-	824
Increase	-	4	24	59	-	-	-	-	87
Decrease									
As at March 31, 2024		43	336	532					911
<u>Impairment</u>									
As at March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	27
Decrease									
As at March 31, 2024								27	27
Net book value									
As at March 31, 2023	6,718	243	2,673	4,364	237	369	1	168	14,773
As at March 31, 2024	7,183	259	3,379	4,921	219	357	3	180	16,501

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	Consolidated financial statements (In Million Baht)								
	Buildings Impact Hall Impact Furniture								
		and other	interior	Hall	Buildings	and	Motor	Construction	
_	Land	construction	systems	structure	improvements	fixtures	vehicles	in progress	Total
At cost									
As at March 31, 2022	1,102	173	4,786	3,450	543	1,772	115	166	12,107
Increase	-	-	17	-	-	46	-	320	383
Decrease	-	-	(1)	-	(30)	(59)	-	-	(90)
Transfer in (Transfer out)		198				120		(318)	
As at March 31, 2023	1,102	371	4,802	3,450	513	1,879	115	168	12,400
Accumulated depreciation									
As at March 31, 2022	-	126	3,226	931	286	1,497	106	-	6,172
Increase	-	6	242	85	20	66	8	-	427
Decrease	-	-	(1)	-	(30)	(53)	-	-	(84)
Transfer in (Transfer out)									
As at March 31, 2023		132	3,467	1,016	276	1,510	114		6,515
Differences on revaluation of assets									
As at March 31, 2022	5,244	43	1,598	2,310	-	-	-	-	9,195
Increase	372	-	52	93	-	-	-	-	517
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in (Transfer out)									
As at March 31, 2023	5,616	43	1,650	2,403					9,712
Accumulated depreciation - differen	ces on reval	uation of assets							
As at March 31, 2022	-	35	289	417	-	-	-	-	741
Increase	-	4	23	56	-	-	-	-	83
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in (Transfer out)									
As at March 31, 2023		39	312	473					824
Net book value									
As at March 31, 2022	6,346	55	2,869	4,412	257	275	9	166	14,389
As at March 31, 2023	6,718	243	2,673	4,364	237	369	1	168	14,773

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group have portion of property with historical costs of Baht 2,147 million and Baht 1,804 million, respectively, are in use but fully depreciated (Separate: Baht 57 million and Baht 55 million, respectively).

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, a certain parcel of land and building of a subsidiary have been mortgaged as collateral for long - term loan (Note 17).

	Separate financial statements (In Million Baht)							
		Buildings	Land and	Furniture				
		and other	building	and	Motor	Work in		
	Land	construction	improvements	equipment	vehicles	process	Total	
At cost								
As at March 31, 2023	102	198	140	124	15	-	579	
Increase	-	27	-	9	-	-	36	
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfer in (Transfer out)		10		(13)			(3)	
As at March 31, 2024	102	235	140	120	15		612	
Accumulated depreciation								
As at March 31, 2023	-	2	68	6	15	-	91	
Increase	-	13	5	30	-	-	48	
Decrease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfer in (Transfer out)	-			(6)			(6)	
As at March 31, 2024	-	15	73	30	15		133	
Net book value								
As at March 31, 2023	102	196	72	118			488	
As at March 31, 2024	102	220	67	90			479	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

	Separate financial statements (In Million Baht)							
		Buildings and other	Land and building	Furniture and	Motor	Work in		
	Land	construction	improvements	equipment	vehicles	process	Total	
At cost								
As at March 31, 2022	102	-	170	22	15	55	364	
Increase	-	-	-	3	-	263	266	
Decrease	-	-	(30)	(21)	-	-	(51)	
Transfer in (Transfer out)		198		120		(318)		
As at March 31, 2023	102	198	140	124	15		579	
Accumulated depreciation								
As at March 31, 2022	-	-	92	21	15	-	128	
Increase	-	2	6	6	-	-	14	
Decrease	-	-	(30)	(21)	-	-	(51)	
Transfer in (Transfer out)								
As at March 31, 2023		2	68	6	15		91	
Net book value								
As at March 31, 2022	102		78	1		55	236	
As at March 31, 2023	102	196	72	118	_	_	488	

13. Right-of-use assets

 $Movements\ of\ the\ right-of-use\ assets\ account\ for\ the\ year\ ended\ March\ 31,\ 2024\ and\ 2023,\ are\ summarized\ below:$

	(Unit : Million Baht)				
	Consolidated financial statements				
	2024	2023			
Net book value beginning	57	73			
Additions and lease change	1	12			
Decrease during the year	(5)	(11)			
Depreciation for the year	(15)	(17)			
Net book value as at ending	38	57			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

14. Other non - current assets

The balances of other non - current assets as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

			(Unit : N	Million Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Real estate development cost (Note 7)	754	808	754	808
Deposits pledged as collateral	448	433	428	417
Non - current tax assets	52	81	-	-
Others	1,003	689	967	654
Total	2,257	2,011	2,149	1,879

15. Trade and other current payables

The balances of trade and other current payables as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows :

<u>-</u>			(Unit : N	Million Baht)	
	Consolidated		Separate		
_	financial sta	atements	financial sta	itements	
_	2024		2024	2023	
Payables with related companies (Note 5.6)	1	-	195	325	
Trade payables	141	222	7	7	
Accrued expense	335	256	35	44	
Other payables	191	189	30	25	
Total	668	667	267	401	

16. Other current liabilities

The balances of other current liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

			(Unit:	Million Baht)
	Consoli	Consolidated		ate
	financial statements		financial sta	atements
	2024 2023		2024	2023
Deposit	157	121	91	97
Security deposit	113	148	29	28
Retentions	33	20	7	7
Others	10	9		
Total	313	298	127	132

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

17. Long - term loans

	_	((Unit : Million Baht)	
		Consolidated financial statements		
	_	2024	2023	
1.	A long - term credit facility amounting to Baht 2,000 million carry			
	interest indicated in loan agreement plus fixed interest rate with			
	interest payable monthly and principal to be paid in full within			
	September 2024	2,000	2,000	
2.	A long - term credit facility amounting to Baht 1,860 million carry			
	interest at floating rates not exceeding MLR - 2.85% per annum,			
	with interest payable monthly and principal to be paid in full			
	within September 2024	1,860	1,860	
Tot	al	3,860	3,860	
Les	s : deferred amortization on front end fee	(1)	(2)	
Tot	al	3,859	3,858	
Les	s : current portion of long - term loans	(3,859)		
Lor	ng - term loans - net of current portion		3,858	

All long - term loans are secured by mortgage of land and buildings, including utility systems and equipment of IMPACT Muang Thong Thani in which the subsidiary has invested, including the conditional assignment of rights under insurance policies, right under related contracts and rights over bank accounts of the subsidiary.

The loan agreements contain covenants, which, among other things, require the subsidiary to maintain certain financial ratios such as loan to total assets ratios and interest coverage ratios.

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the subsidiary has unutilized credit facilities with a financial institution amounting to Baht 100 million.

Maturity of loans from financial institution are as follows:

		(Unit : Million Baht)		
	Consolidated fina	Consolidated financial statements		
	2024	2023		
Within in 1 year	3,859	-		
Over 1 - 5 years	<u> </u>	3,858		
Total	3,859	3,858		
		·		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

18. Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, as follows :

			(Unit : I	Million Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial sta	tements	financial sta	tements
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets	339	341	-	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax liabilities	(4,693)	(4,601)	(1,034)	(875)
The components of deferred tax assets and deferred	tax liabilities were	as follows:		
			(Unit : 1	Million Baht)
	Consolid	lated	Separa	<u> </u>
	financial sta		financial sta	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets				
Expected credit loss	9	11	-	-
Provision for long - term employee benefits	2	2	-	-
Gain on sale of assets - related party	328	328		-
Total deferred tax assets - net	339	341	-	-
			(I I:4 . N	(:11: D-1-4)
	Consolid	latad	Separa	Million Baht)
	financial sta		financial sta	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Deferred tax liabilities				
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	(1,039)	(1,039)	-	-
Investment property	(3,931)	(3,870)	(1,275)	(1,094)
Expected credit loss	14	14	5	5
Provision for employee benefits	31	28	6	6
Provision for loss on pending from lawsuits	230	208	230	208
Accumulated loss not exceed five accounting				
periods	102	158	-	-
Other	(100)	(100)		
Total deferred tax liabilities - net	(4,693)	(4,601)	(1,034)	(875)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

19. Provisions for employee benefit

An administrative department actuary carried out an evaluation of the Company's obligations for employees' long - term benefits using the projected unit credit method. The Company and subsidiaries have provided the provision for employees' long - term benefits for the year end March 31, 2024 and 2023, as follows:

			(Unit : N	Million Baht)
	Consolid	lated	Separ	ate
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current provisions for employee benefit	26	28	4	6
Non - current provisions for employee benefit	121	105	8	7
Total provisions for employee benefit	147	133	12	13

			(Unit : N	Million Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
<u>-</u>	financial sta	tements	financial statements	
<u>-</u>	2024	2023	2024	2023
Employee benefit obligations - beginning of year	133	142	13	32
Less accrued employee benefits during of year	-	(16)	-	(16)
Included in profit or loss				
Current service costs	12	9	-	-
Interest on obligation	3	2	-	-
Included in other comprehensive income				
Actuarial (gain) loss from employee benefit	6	7	-	(1)
<u>Less</u> benefits paid during the year	(7)	(11)	(1)	(2)
Employee benefit obligations - ending of year	147	133	12	13

Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (Actuarial basis) are summarized below:

	Consol	lidated	Separate		
		financial statements		atements	
	2024	2024 2023		2023	
Discount rate (%)	1.62 - 2.94	1.62 - 2.93	1.62	1.62	
Future salary increase rate (%)	4.00 - 6.00	4.00 - 6.00	4.00	4.00	
Retirement age (years old)	60	60	60	60	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long - term employee benefit obligation as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are summarised below:

(Unit : Millio				
		As at Ma	arch 31, 2024	
	Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate
	financial s	statements	financial s	statements
Assumptions that affect	Increase rate	Decrease rate	Increase rate	Decrease rate
Discount rate (0.50%)	(5)	6	-	-
Future salary increase rate (1.00%)	11	(10)	1	(1)
	(Unit : Million Bal As at March 31, 2023			
	Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate
	financial	statements	financial	statements
Assumptions that affect	Increase rate	Decrease rate	Increase rate	Decrease rate
Discount rate (0.50%)	(9)	10	-	-
Future salary increase rate (1.00%)	10	(9)	1	(1)

20. Lease liabilities

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group have lease liabilities as follows :

	(Unit : Million Bal				
	Consolidate	Consolidated			
	financial staten	nents			
	2024	2023			
Lease liabilities	37	58			
<u>Less</u> Deferred interest expense	(2)	(4)			
Total	35	54			
<u>Less</u> Current portion	(15)	(15)			
Lease liabilities - net	20	39			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

21. Treasury stock

The Board of Directors' meeting on March 4, 2020, the Board of Directors passed a resolution approving the share repurchase program for the fourth financial management in the amount not exceeding Baht 2,085 million, representing a repurchase not exceeding 1,737,440,105 shares with a par value of Baht 1, the share price to be repurchased is not more than 10% of the total paid - up shares and the repurchase period is 6 months from the date of share repurchase for a period not to exceed 3 years (ended September 18, 2023). The Board of Directors Meeting No. 3/2023 held on August 15, 2023 of the Company approve the distribution of repurchased shares at a number of 21,775,900 shares (according to the Treasury Stock Project No.4, the distribution of the repurchased shares shall be done after 6 months from the completion of the share repurchase but not exceeding 3 years) by automated order matching via the trading system of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and determine the period for the distribution of repurchased shares starting from August 23, 2023 to August 31, 2023.

On September 14, 2023, the Company has registered the reduction in paid - up capital with the Ministry of Commerce from Baht 17,374,401,054 to Baht 17,352,625,154 by writing off the repurchased registered capital shares 21,775,900 shares under the 4th share repurchase program and transfered back the entire amount of retained earnings allocated for treasury shares. After reducing the paid - up capital by eliminating treasury shares as mentioned above.

22. Legal reserve

According to the Public Limited Companies Act, the Company has appropriated its reserve as a legal reserve in the sum of 5% of the annual net profit less the total accumulated deficit brought forward, until the legal reserve reaches of 10% of the registered authorized capital. Such the legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

23. Other revenues

Other revenues for the year ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 comprise:

_	(Unit : Million Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
_				
_	2024	2023	2024	2023
Interest income	32	18	8	8
Gain on debt forgiveness from subsidiary (Note 5.7)	-	-	1,340	1,340
Gain on valuation of current investment	15	13	-	-
Gain on disposal fixed assets	-	15	-	-
Others	169	126	9	2
Total	216	172	1,357	1,350

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

24. Expenses classified by nature of expenses

Significant expenses by nature for the year ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows :

	(Unit : Million Bah					
	Consolid	dated	Separate			
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements		
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Salary and wages and other employee benefits	1,044	913	66	44		
Depreciation and amortization	661	632	128	93		
Professional fee	69	30	55	26		
Advertising expenses	36	34	9	1		
Other charges	86	51	15	8		
Rental and service expenses	482	155	67	5		
Loss from litigation	24	25	24	25		
Repair expenses	188	144	17	3		
Utilities expenses	351	254	43	45		

25. Income tax

Income tax recognized in profit or loss

For the year ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, income tax are as follows:

_	(Unit : Million Baht)					
	Consolid	Consolidated financial statements		ite		
_	financial sta			tements		
_	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Corporate income tax:						
Corporate income tax for the years	276	299	213	232		
Deferred income taxes:						
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	95	335	159	156		
Income tax in statements of comprehensive income	371	634	372	388		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

Profit (loss) before income tax

	Consolidated financial statements										
_	2024	Rate (%)	2023								
	1,762		1,770								
	352	20	354								

(76)

276

Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate

Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable income or not deductible in determining taxable profit - net

Total

(55)

(Unit: Million Baht)

	(Unit : Million Baht)					
	Separate financial statements					
	Rate (%)	2024	Rate (%)	2023		
Profit (loss) before income tax	_	1,796	_	1,930		
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	20	359	20	386		
Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable income						
or not deductible in determining taxable profit - net	-	(146)	-	(154)		
Total		213		232		

Rate (%)

20

26. Management benefit expenses

Management benefit expenses represent benefit expenses that management obtained from the Company such as compensation paid in cash and other benefits as stocks, debentures or other privileges including employee stocks option plan or any incentive, etc. For the listed company, management represents the management team as described according to the Securities and Exchange Law.

Management benefit expenses for the year ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	(Unit : Million Baht)							
	Consolie	dated	Separate					
	financial sta	tements	financial statements					
	2024 2023		2024	2023				
Management benefit expenses presented in costs								
of sales	8	8	-	-				
Management benefit expenses presented in								
administrative expense	92	89	18	16				
Total	100	97	18	16				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

27. Segment information

	Consolidated financial statements (Million Baht)										
	For the year ended March 31, 2024										
	Real estate	Retail	Exhibition	Other							
	business	business	center business	service	Total	Elimination	Total				
Segment revenue	622	438	3,493	181	4,734	(793)	3,941				
Segment profit (loss)	458	100	418	(27)	949	(21)	928				
Corporate expenses							(388)				
Interest income							32				
Gain on revaluation of											
investment property							1,422				
Loss on pending lawsuits							(24)				
Profit (loss) unrealized from											
exchange rate							(81)				
Finance costs							(138)				
Share of profit (loss) from											
associate							11				
Income tax						_	(372)				
Net profit (loss) for the year						_	1,390				
Timing of revenue recognition											
At a point in time	50	43	962	-	1,055						
Over time	322	392	2,095	77	2,886						
Total Revenues	372	435	3,057	77	3,941						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

	Consolidated financial statements (Million Baht)										
	For the year ended March 31, 2023										
	Real estate	Retail	Exhibition	Other	T 1	T	m . 1				
	business	business	center business	service	Total	Elimination	Total				
Segment revenue	511	396	3,470	153	4,530	(759)	3,771				
Segment profit (loss)	331	97	645	52	1,125	(132)	993				
Corporate expenses							(255)				
Interest income							18				
Gain on revaluation of											
investment property							1,163				
Loss on pending lawsuits							(25)				
Unrealized gain (loss) for											
exchange rate							(20)				
Finance costs							(104)				
Income tax						_	(634)				
Net profit (loss) for the year						=	1,136				
Timing of revenue recognition											
At a point in time	43	37	878	-	958						
Over time	302	357	2,106	48	2,813						
Total Revenues	345	394	2,984	48	3,771						

28. Financial instruments

28.1 Financial risk management and policies

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk, market risk (including interest rate risk) and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative instruments to hedge certain exposures.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial losses if a customer or the counterparty fails to meet its obligations. However, the Group have a policy to enter into financial instruments with credit worthy counterparties, therefore the Group do not anticipate material losses from their debt collection. The Group adequately provided expected credit loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk incurs from the future interest rate instability, which may affect the Group operating result and cash flow. The Group also incurs interest rate risk from investment in financial institutes, bank overdraft, loan from banks and promissory note - financial institute.

Since the financial assets and liabilities are held primarily in short - term and have fixed interest rates in relation with the current market interest rate, the Group has not used financial derivative to protect against such risk.

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, significant interest - bearing financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated financial statements As at March 31, 2024 Fixed interest rates Non -Within 1 - 5 Over Floating interest interest rate 5 years 1 year years bearing Total Interest rate (% per annum) Financial assets 12 0.15 - 0.95Cash and cash equivalents 1,766 62 1,840 Other current financial assets 1,087 757 1,844 0.90 - 1.90Other non - current assets 403 1 448 0.15 - 1.80 - Deposits pledged as collateral 2,169 1,143 820 4,132 **Financial liabilities** Current portion of long - term 3,859 3,859 liabilities 3,859 3,859

^{*} Interest indicated in loan agreement plus fixed interest rate, not exceeding MLR - 2.85% per annum.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

	(Unit : Million Baht)										
	Consolidated financial statements										
		As at March 31, 2023									
	Fixe	d interest	rates				_				
					Non -						
	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	interest						
	1 year	years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	Interest rate				
							(% per annum)				
Financial assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	13	-	-	1,417	108	1,538	0.25 - 0.60				
Other current financial assets	1,905	-	-	-	641	2,546	0.15 - 0.90				
Other non - current assets											
- Deposits pledged as collateral	50			383	<u> </u>	433	0.05 - 0.60				
	1,968			1,800	749	4,517					
Financial liabilities											
Long - term loans				3,858		3,858	*				
		-	_	3,858	-	3,858					

^{*} Interest indicated in loan agreement plus fixed interest rate, not exceeding MLR - 2.85% per annum.

	(Unit : Million Bah									
	Separate financial statements									
	As at March 31, 2024									
	Fixe	d interest	rates							
					Non -					
	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	interest					
	1 year	years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	Interest rate			
							(% per annum)			
Financial assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	1	-	-	298	20	319	0.50 - 0.55			
Other current financial assets	15	-	-	-	1	16	1.05 - 1.70			
Short - term loans to related parties										
- net	-	-	-	-	2,623	2,623	-			
Other non - current assets										
- Deposits pledged as collateral	40			388		428	0.30 - 1.70			
	56			686	2,644	3,386				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

	(Unit : Million Baht)										
		Separate financial statements									
		As at March 31, 2023									
	Fixed	d interest r	ates								
	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	Non - interest						
	1 year	years	5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	Interest rate				
							(% per annum)				
Financial assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	1	-	-	225	22	248	0.25 - 0.50				
Other current financial assets	506	-	-	-	1	507	0.15				
Short - term loans to related parties											
- net	-	-	-	-	3,107	3,107	-				
Other non - current assets											
- Deposits pledged as collateral	47			370		417	0.13 - 0.15				
	554			595	3,130	4,279					

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency exchange rates.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk or funding risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising fund to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly or close to its fair value.

28.2 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of the following financial assets and liabilities approximates their book value.

- a) For financial assets and liabilities which have short term maturity, including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other current receivables, short - term loans, trade and other current payables, their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position approximate their fair value.
- b) The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other current receivable, short term loans, other current assets, bank overdrafts, short term borrowings, trade and other current payable and other current liabilities is taken to approximate the carrying value.

Fair value of investments in equity securities - trading securities according to the offering price, the date.

The fair value of long - term borrowings is taken to approximate the carrying value because most of these financial instruments bear interest at market rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

c) For lease liability and long - term borrowings with carrying interest approximate to the market rate, their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position approximates their fair value.

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying values shown in the statement of financial position as at March 31,2024 were as follows:

	(Unit : Million Baht)								
	Consolidated financial statements								
	As at March 31, 2024								
_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Held for trade investments*		- 757	-	757					
Financial assets for which fair value are									
disclosed									
Investment properties		- 27,463	15,801	43,264					
-				(Unit : Million Baht)					
-	Consolidated financial statements								
<u>-</u>		As at Ma	rch 31, 2023						
<u>-</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Held for trade investments*		- 641	-	641					
Financial assets for which fair value are									
disclosed									
Investment properties		- 28,040	13,800	41,840					
-				(Unit : Million Baht)					
-			ancial statements						
-			rch 31, 2024						
Financial assets measured at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Financial assets measured at fair value Held for trade investments*		1		1					
		- 1		1					
Financial assets for which fair value are									
disclosed Investment properties		_ 12.570		14 120					
Investment properties		- 13,579	550	14,129					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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				(Unit : Million Baht)					
	Separate financial statements								
_	As at March 31, 2023								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Held for trade investments*	-	1		- 1					
Financial assets for which fair value are									
disclosed									
Investment properties	-	12,722	532	2 13,254					

^{*} Level 2 - The fair value determined by using the net asset value as published by the Asset Management

29. Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net profit (loss) attributable to shareholder's by the weighted average number of ordinary shares held by third parties in issue during the year.

30. Pending lawsuits

As at March 31, 2024, the Company has pending lawsuits as summarized below:

- a) On January 31, 2017, seven holders of exchangeable notes in Swiss Francs term have jointly filed a petition for the winding up of Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited to the Grand Court of Cayman Islands claiming that Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited is insolvent and unable to pay principal and interest on the of exchangeable notes in Swiss Francs term, and on May 3, 2017, the Cayman Islands Court has issued an order to dismiss the company's winding up petition of the seven plaintiffs.
- b) On February 9, 2017, Deutsche Trustee Co., Ltd., Trustee of the 4.5% p.a. USD 150,000,000 exchangeable bonds due 2003 ("the Exchangeable Bonds"), filed a plaint in its own name and on behalf of the holdersof the Exchangeable Bonds against Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited as the issuer of the Exchangeable Bonds and Bangkok Land Public Company Limited as the guarantor of the Exchangeable Bonds in the Commercial Court in London, England requiring the Group to repay the indebtedness under the Exchangeable Bonds and related indebtedness in the total amount of USD 34,208,463.12 and interest calculated on a daily basis of USD 2,328.22 a day.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited and Bangkok Land Public Company Limited have filed their defence and counterclaim on March 30, 2017, requesting the Court to enforce the plaintiff to return all the dividends that the Trustee has paid for the interest arrears and fees and expenses of the Trustee. The amount of debt claiming by the plaintiff was overrated. The Court was also requested to enforce the plaintiff to return a total of 212,096,990 shares pledged to Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited. On March 19, 2019, the Commercial Court of England sentenced Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Limited to repay debt in US Dollars bonds, including interest as money number USD 28,201,848.12 and the cost of such litigation is GBP 1,761,838.84 and the Company's lawyer commented that the judgment of the English court will not be in force in Thailand but the Deutsche Trustee Co.,Ltd must bring the case to the court in Thailand in order to the Court in Thailand to have a judgment to force the Company (as the guarantor) to pay the such USD currency debt.

The English court judgment can only be used as evidence in the case of Thailand. However, the Company has been sued for debt repayment in US Dollars in Thailand and on October 1, 2012, the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade Court has a verdict in decided case No. Kor Kor. 20/2009, decided case No. Kor Kor. 202/2012, the judge dismissed the plaintiff because of precluded by prescription. Subsequently, on December 4, 2014, the Supreme Court of Intellectual Property and International Trade Litigation Division with the judgment of No.15979/2014 by the confirmation of the judgment for the plaintiff under the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade Court which the case has final judgment.

In July 2018, Trustee has filed a petition to the Commercial Court, England requesting for issuance of the court's order for the interim anti - suit injunction to restrain Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited from commencing and cease any proceeding in relation to the Trust Deed, the exchangeable bonds in US Dollar term or the shares pledged of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited, as well as discontinue any relevant case (if it already commenced), whether in Thailand or in any other jurisdiction. On July 27, 2018, the Commercial Court, England has issued an order as requested by the Trustee to restrain Bangkok Land Public Company Limited and Bangkok Land (Cayman Islands) Company Limited (including their directors, officers, or agents) from commencing and cease any proceeding in relation to the Trust Deed, the exchangeable bonds in US Dollar term or the shares pledged of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited, as well as discontinue any relevant case (if it already commenced), whether in Thailand or in any other jurisdiction, and to pay the Trustee the damages in the sum of GBP 40,712.16 (as at March 31, 2024: Baht 1.89 million).

The legal advisor of the Company has the opinion that although the plaintiff won the case abroad, the plaintiff must file a lawsuit against Bangkok Land Public Company Limited as a guarantor in Thailand as a new case. The foreign judgment could not be applicable and enforceable in Thailand. Therefore, the Company did not make such provision.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The lawyers of the Group have the opinion that all lawsuits in relation to the exchangeable notes in Swiss Francs term and the exchangeable bonds in US Dollar term have been cited that the status of limitations has expired. All holders were not the actual holders due to wrongful acquisition in accordance with the securities transfer under the laws of Switzerland and England (as the case may be).

On July 23, 2018, The Company filed a lawsuit against Deutsche Trustee Co.,Ltd and its partisans to prosecute in a Court of Thailand, a civil lawsuit was filed against the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade, claiming damages of Baht 625.61 million. On February 5, 2021, the Court has rendered a judgment for the Company to repay the outstanding amount incurred under the USD Bonds, including interests, in the amount of USD 28,360,689.46 and the default interest at the rate of 4.5 percentage per annum calculated from the principal amount of USD 13,379,000 as from the date of the Trustee's counter - claim until the date of the completion of the payment. In addition, the Company shall also make payment of the expenses incurred from the operation as a trustee and other expenses of the Trustee, including interests, in the amount of GBP 1,868,885.65 together with the default interest at the rate of 2 percentage higher than the interest rate of West Bank calculated from the principle amount of GBP 1,798,034.17 as from the date of the Trustee's counter - claim until the date of the completion of the payment and the Company has already recorded provision for loss on pending lawsuits in the financial statements for the year. However, the aforementioned case is not final and the Company had exercised its right to appeal in accordance with the law. On May 25, 2022, the Company has entered into a guarantee agreement with the Court and used securities as land and condominium title deeds of the Group as collateral for suspension of enforcement during the consideration of the Court of Appeal for Specialized Cases. And on March 30, 2023, The Court has confirmed a judgment as before. At present, the case is currently under consideration in the Supreme Court level.

c) On April 18, 2019, the Company was sued by a person in a criminal case, offense according to the Securities and Exchange Act, and fraud, and also on May 8, 2019, the Company was also sued by such person in the civil case, offenses under the offense of the Securities and Exchange Act, infringement by claiming damages Baht 100 million. The criminal case is scheduled for an appointment for investigation on July 17, 2023. Subsequently, on November 16, 2023, The plaintiff filed an appeal against the order or judgment of the Criminal Court. At present, the case is currently under consideration in the court of appeal. As for the civil case, the Court considered to temporarily dispose of civil cases until the such criminal case is finalized, when the criminal case has an outcome on the verdict, then the parties of the court to bring up the civil case for further consideration. Therefore, the civil case is currently temporarily discharged in order to wait for the result of the criminal trial.

The lawyer of the Company has an opinion that the civil case being filed as a civil case related to the criminal case, therefore, has to wait for the results of the appointment for investigation of the criminal case and also the Company is not the offender or violated the plaintiff's claim.

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31. Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to maintain their abilities to continue as a going concern and to maintain an appropriate capital structure.

As at March 31, 2024, debt to equity ratio in the consolidated financial statements is 0.21:1.00 (Separate: debt to equity ratio is 0.24:1.00).

32. Commitments and contingent liabilities

- a) As at March 31, 2024, the Group's had capital commitments to the principal building contractor for the construction of real estate agreements amounting to approximately Baht 223 million (Separate: Baht 31 million).
- b) As at March 31, 2024, the Group's had contingent liabilities in respect of bank guarantees issued by the banks in the normal course of business amounting to approximately Baht 474 million (Separate: Baht 424 million).
- As at March 31, 2024, and 2023, the subsidiary has a commitment in respect of payments in accordance with the rental and service agreement as follows:

		(Unit : Million Baht)
	2024	2023
Payable:		
Within 1 year	101	100
In over 1 and up to 5 years	67	52

- d) On March 31, 2024, the Company has capital commitments to the Construction Support Agreement and related contracts as follows:
 - Construction Support Agreement for the extension of the pink elevated mass transit line to Muang Thong Thani Area.
 - 1.1 Subsidy to support the construction and development in a total amount of Baht 970.31 million (inclusive of VAT), (Paid according to conditions Baht 323.44 million).
 - 1.2 Subsidy to support the maintenance in an amount of Baht 10.35 million (inclusive of VAT) per annum until the operation commencement date of the Muang Thong Thani Extension.
 - Skywalk Connection Agreement give rights to the Group develop skywalk to connect the building or any structures owned by the Group located in the Mueang Thong Thani area to the BTS station in the Muang Thong Thani Extension amounting to Baht 323.44 million (Full payment).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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33. Events after the reporting period

- 33.1 At the Board of Directors Meeting No. 5/2024 of the REIT Manager held on May 23, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the appropriation of distribution of Baht 0.1 per unit, totaling amounting to Baht 148.25 million which are from the operation of the period. Such distribution will be paid to its unitholders on June 2024.
- 33.2 The Board of Directors Meeting of the Company No. 3/2024 held on May 30, 2024, passed a resolution approved to propose to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to consider and approve the dividend payment from the retained earnings and results operation for the year at Baht 0.01 per share, totaling amount of Baht 173.53 million. The payment of this dividend shell be paid on August 2024.

34. Reclassification

The Group has reclassified certain accounts in the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 to conform to the presentation in the current year, which being ineffective on net income or shareholders' equity previously reported.

35. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 30, 2024.